UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2011

Commission file number **001-33013**

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

11-3209278 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

1979 Marcus Avenue, Suite E140, Lake Success, New York 11042

(Address of principal executive offices)

(718) 961-5400

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

	required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (o, and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. X Yes No
, e	nically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted he preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). \underline{X}
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2	filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated of the Exchange Act.
Large accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer	Accelerated filer X Smaller reporting company
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as	efined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act) YesX_No

The number of shares of the registrant's Common Stock outstanding as of July 29, 2011 was 31,520,069.

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FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition

(Unaudited)

ITEM 1.

Interest-bearing: Certificate of deposit accounts	(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)	June 30, 2011	De	ecember 31, 2010
Securities available for sale: Agricultic available for sale: Agricultic available pursant to the fair value option at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively Security				
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Other securities (\$31,005 and \$21,74 at fair value pursuant to the fair value option at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 especitively \$4,200 Loans available for sale 4,100 Loans manufly sederal of the sale of t		700.000		554.055
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shares and 31,255,934 shares issued at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively; 31,519,942 shares and 31,255,934 shares outstanding at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively) 315 313 Additional paid-in capital 194,534 189,348 Treasury stock (10,653 shares at June 30, 2011 and none at December 31, 2010) (134) (134) Retained earnings 213,099 204,128 Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of taxes (2,640) (3,744) Total stockholders' equity 405,174 390,045	Preferred stock (\$0.01 par value; 5,000,000 shares authorized; none issued)	-		-
June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively) 315 313 Additional paid-in capital 194,534 189,348 Treasury stock (10,653 shares at June 30, 2011 and none at December 31, 2010) (134) 213,099 204,128 Retained earnings 213,099 204,128 202,412 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
Additional paid-in capital 194,534 189,348 Treasury stock (10,653 shares at June 30, 2011 and none at December 31, 2010) (134) - Retained earnings 213,099 204,128 Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of taxes (2,640) (3,744 Total stockholders' equity 405,174 390,045		215		212
Treasury stock (10,653 shares at June 30, 2011 and none at December 31, 2010) (134) Retained earnings 213,099 204,128 Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of taxes (2,640) (3,744) Total stockholders' equity 405,174 390,045	, , , 1			
Retained earnings 213,099 204,128 Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of taxes (2,640) (3,744 Total stockholders' equity 405,174 390,045				189,348
Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of taxes (2,640) (3,744) Total stockholders' equity 405,174 390,045				-
Total stockholders' equity 405,174 390,045	E			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	*			(3,744)
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity \\ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc	Total stockholders' equity	405,174		390,045
	Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 4,323,228	\$	4,324,745

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Statements of Income (Unaudited)

		For the the	ended J	r the six months nded June 30,				
		2011		2010		2011		2010
Interest and dividend income								
Interest and fees on loans	\$	48,121	\$	48,993	\$	96,811	\$	98,677
Interest and dividends on securities:	,	,	-	,,,,	-	, 0,022	-	, ,,,,,,
Interest		8,149		7,734		16,256		15,645
Dividends		202		203		404		403
Other interest income		27		9		54		22
Total interest and dividend income		56,499		56,939		113,525		114,747
Interest expense								
Deposits		12,354		13,809		24,688		27,326
Other interest expense		7,350		9,690		14,887		20,476
Total interest expense		19,704		23,499		39,575		47,802
Net interest income		36,795		33,440		73,950		66,945
Provision for loan losses		5,000		5,000		10,000		10,000
Net interest income after provision for loan losses		31,795		28,440		63,950		56,945
Non-interest income (loss)								
Other-than-temporary impairment ("OTTI") charge		-		(2,709)		(3,939)		(2,709)
Less: Non-credit portion of OTTI charge recorded in Other Comprehensive Income, before taxes				1,721		3,013		1,721
Net OTTI charge recognized in earnings				(988)		(926)		(988)
Loan fee income		515		483		949		850
Banking services fee income		388		431		849		913
Net gain on sale of loans		-		18		-		23
Net gain from sale of securities		-		23		_		23
Net loss from fair value adjustments		(165)		(31)		(820)		(134)
Federal Home Loan Bank of New York stock dividends		342		453		842		1,064
Bank owned life insurance		695		693		1,362		1,338
Other income		360		636		750		1,206
Total non-interest income		2,135		1,718		3,006		4,295
Non-interest expense								
Salaries and employee benefits		9,682		8,576		19,709		17,372
Occupancy and equipment		1,874		1,716		3,741		3,465
Professional services		1,637		1,760		3,236		3,524
FDIC deposit insurance		951		1,249		2,379		2,523
Data processing		1,181		1,090		2,186		2,168
Depreciation and amortization		779		723		1,545		1,402
Other operating expenses		2,761		2,496		6,084	_	5,092
Total non-interest expense		18,865		17,610		38,880		35,546
Income before income taxes		15,065		12,548		28,076		25,694
Provision for income taxes								
Federal		4,564		3,751		8,476		7,700
State and local		1,427		1,124		2,573		2,336
Total taxes	_	5,991		4,875		11,049	_	10,036
Net income	\$	9,074	\$	7,673	\$	17,027	\$	15,658
Basic earnings per common share	\$	0.29	\$	0.25	\$	0.55	\$	0.52
Diluted earnings per common share	\$	0.29	\$	0.25	\$	0.55	\$	0.52
Dividends per common share	\$	0.13	\$	0.13	\$	0.26	\$	0.26

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

Decision in timesands		For the six mon June 30	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES 1.0.000 1.0.0	(Dollars in thousands)		<i>'</i>
Aguinents to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: Provision for losa losses Provision for losa losses Provision for losa losses Registry of the provision of losa losses of losa sincluding delinquent losan) Registry on sales of losa sincluding delinquent losany Registry on sales of losa sincluding delinquent losa Registry of losa sincluding delinquent losa (1.56) Registry of losa sincluding delinquent losa (2011	2010
operating activities 10,000 10,000 Provision for loans loss 1,545 1,545 Net gain on sales of loans (including delinquent loans) 1 1,545 Are gain on sales of loans (including delinquent loans) 2 1,545 Amortization of premium, net of accretion of discount 2,795 2 Am Call Including and the properties of the	Net income	\$ 17,027 \$	15,658
Provision for foat bases 10,000	Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by		
Depreciation and amortization of bank premises and equipment 1,455	operating activities:		
Ski gain on sales of foans (including delinquent loans) 1 Antorization of premium, net of accretion of discount 2.795 2.2 Antorization of premium, net of accretion of discount 820 1 OTTI charge recognized in earnings 820 1 Income from bank owned life insurance (1,350) (1,350) Deferend compensation 244 24 Annorization of over deposit intangibles 234 24 Excess tax expense (benefit) from stock-based payment arrangements (588) (1,350) Deferend income benefit provision (588) (1,350) Decrease in other liabilities (6,366) (3,366) (3,366) Net cash provided by operating activities (2,350) 25,300 23,300 29,300	Provision for loan losses	10,000	10,000
Net gain on sales of securities	Depreciation and amortization of bank premises and equipment	1,545	1,402
Amortization of premium, net of accretion of discount 2,795 2,4 Net los from fire value adjustments 820 1 OTT charge recognized in earnings 926 0 Income from bank owned life insurance 1,863 1 Stock-based compensation expense 1,863 1 Peterred compensation 2015 1 Excess that expense (benefit) from stock-based payment arrangements (84) 63 Decrease in other liabilities (84) 63 Cherease in other sease in Stock as expense (benefit) from stock-based payment arrangements 26,910 29,10 Decrease in other liabilities (84) 63 Cherease in other sease in Stock assess (5,36) 33 Na Cash Provided by operating activities 26,910 29,10 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES 197 4 Purchases of bank premises and equipment (2,42) 4 Net (purchase) redemptions of Federal Home Loan Bank of New York shares (19,45) 55 Net (purchase) redemptions of Seal and Industrial activities (19,45) 65 Net (purchase) redemptions of Se	Net gain on sales of loans (including delinquent loans)	-	(23)
Net loss from fair value adjustments 92	Net gain on sales of securities	-	(23)
OTTI charge recognized in earnings 926 1.03 1.13	Amortization of premium, net of accretion of discount	2,795	2,415
Income from bank owned life insurance (1,362) (1,362) (1,362) (1,362) (1,362) (1,362) (1,362) (1,362) (1,362) (1,362) (2,342) (2,342) (2,324) (2,324) (2,324) (2,324) (2,324) (2,324) (2,324) (2,324) (2,324) (2,324) (3,342)	Net loss from fair value adjustments	820	134
Slock-based compensation expense 1,663 1,1 Deference compensation of core deposit intangibles 234 234 Excess tax expense (benefit) from slock-based payment arrangements 658 0,7 Deferred income benefit provision 658 0,7 Decrease in other assets 5,565 3,8 Net cash provided by operating activities 6,560 3,8 Net cash provided by operating activities (1,275) 3,0 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (1,275) 4,2 Purchases of bank premises and equipment (1,275) 4,2 Reference of committee and premises and equipment (1,275) 4,2 Reference of securities available for sale (1,946) (1,275) 4,2 Purchases of securities available for sale (1,946) (1,275) 4,2 Purchase of securities available for sale (1,946) (1,275) 4,2 Purchase of securities available for sale (1,946) 4,4 4,6 4,4 4,6 4,4 4,6 4,4 4,6 4,4 4,6 4,6 4,4 4,6	OTTI charge recognized in earnings	926	988
Defered compensation 244 Amontization of core deposit inlangibles 234 Excess tax expense (benefit) from stock-based payment arrangements 658 Decrease in other liabilities (844) (Because in other liabilities (836) (Because in other liabilities (5365) (Because) decrease in other assets 26,910 Xer Leash provided by operating activities 26,910 CASH ELOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES 25,900 Purchases of bank premises and equipment (1,275) Net (purchases); redemptions of Federal Home Loan Bank of New York shares (1,275) Net (our classes); redemptions of Federal Home Loan Bank of New York shares (1,275) Net (our justicinus) and repayments of securities available for sale 1,275 Proceeds from sales and calls of securities available for sale 3,10 Net (originations) and repayment of forms 38,16 (71,7 Proceeds from sale of real estate owned 3,13 (3,25) (3,5 Net (originations) and repayment of fours 3,13 (3,25) (3,25) (3,25) (3,25) (3,25) (3,25) (3,25) (3,25)	Income from bank owned life insurance	(1,362)	(1,338)
Defered compensation 244 Amonization of oce deposit intangibles 234 Excess tax expense (benefit) from stock-based payment arrangements 658 Defereat income benefit provision 658 Decrease in other liabilities (844) (Becrease) decrease in other assets 5,365 (Becrease) decrease in other assets 5,365 (Becrease) decrease in other assets 5,365 (Becrease) decrease in other assets 6,247 (Becrease) decrease in other assets 1,275 (Becrease) decrease in other assets 2,241 (Becrease) decrease in other assets 1,275 (Becrease) decrease in other assets 1,275 (Becrease) decrease in other assets and equipment 1,275 (Becrease) decrease in other assets and equipment of passets and equipment of securities available for sale 1,275 (Becrease) from sales and calls of securities available for sale 1,245 (Becrease) from sales and calls of securities available for sale 1,245 (Becrease from sale of earlies available for sale 1,245 (Becrease from sales and earlies available for sale 1,245 (Becrease from sale of real state owned </td <td>Stock-based compensation expense</td> <td>1,663</td> <td>1,397</td>	Stock-based compensation expense	1,663	1,397
Excess tax expense (benefit) from stock-based payment arrangements C58 1.5 Decrease in other liabilities (844) (33.) Checase in other liabilities (5.365) 3.3 Net cash provided by operating activities 26,910 29.1 CASHELOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of bank premises and equipment (1.275) (7.00) Net purchases of securities available for sale (1.942) (4.7 Purchases of bank premises and equipment (8.30) (1.942) Purchases of securities available for sale (1.940) (1.975) Proceeds from sales and calls of securities available for sale (8.30) 9.4 Net corginations) and repayment of loans (8.1455) 6.5 Net coloriginations) and repayment of loans (1.4555) 6.5 Proceeds from sale of electral though the sale and sale		244	74
Excess tax expense (benefit) from stock-based payment arrangements C58 1.5 Decrease in other liabilities (844) (33.) Recrease in other sasets (5.365) 3. Net cash provided by operating activities 26,910 29.1 CASHELOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of bank premises and equipment (1.275) (7.00) Net (parchases) redemptions of Federal Home Loan Bank of New York shares (2.421) 4.4 Purchases of bank premises and equipment (1.945) (1.945) Proceeds from sales and calls of securities available for sale - - 1.4 Proceeds from sales and calls of securities available for sale - - 1.4 Proceeds from sales and calls of securities available for sale - - 1.4 1.5 - Proceeds from sales of real estate owned 5.15 -	Amortization of core deposit intangibles	234	235
Defered income benefit provision (568) (1.7) Decrease in other laishities (84) (3.3) (3.3) (3.5) 3.3 Ke cash provided by operating activities 26,90 29.9 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of bank premises and equipment (2.21) 4. Net capt predenptions of Federal Home Loan Bank of New York shares (2.42) 4. Proceeds from selss and calls of securities available for sale (2.7) 1.4 Proceeds from sales and calls of securities available for sale 6.8,362 94. Proceeds from sales of delinquent of loans (3.14) (7.1) 1. Proceeds from sale of real estate owned 5.15 6. 7. 1. </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>35</td>			35
Decrease in other liabilities (844) (3.3) Increase) decrease in other assets (5.55) 3.3 Net cash provided by operating activities 26,910 29.1 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of bank permises and equipment (1.275) (7.271) 4.2 Purchase of bank permises and equipment (1.275) (7.2 4.2 Purchase of special thome Loan Bank of New York shares (1.241) 4.2 4.2 Purchases of special thome Loan Bank of New York shares (1.946) 1.5 4.2			(1,791)
Ginerase in other assets (5.365) 3.3 Net cash provided by operating activities 26.91 29.1 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of bank premises and equipment (1.275) (7 Net (purchases) redemptions of Federal Home Loan Bank of New York shares (1.275) (7 Purchases of securities available for sale (1.275) (1.572) Proceeds from sales and calls of securities available for sale 8.32 9.48 Proceeds from sales and calls of securities available for sale 8.32 9.48 Proceeds from sales and calls of securities available for sale 8.32 9.48 Proceeds from sales and calls of securities available for sale 8.32 9.48 Net consideration of the state of the stat			(3,811)
Net cash provided by operating activities 26,910 29,1 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of bank premises and equipment (1,275) 0 Net (suprocases) redemptions of Pederal Home Loan Bank of New York shares (2,421) 4,2 Purchases of securities available for sale (1,946) (15,76) Proceeds from maturities and prepayments of securities available for sale 68,362 94 Proceeds from maturities and prepayments of securities available for sale 68,362 94 Proceeds from maturities and prepayments of securities available for sale 68,362 94 Proceeds from sale of real estate owned 61,55 66 Proceeds from sale of real estate owned 5,5 66 Proceeds from sale of delinquent loans 1,294 7,766 42 Proceeds from sale of delinquent loans 12,914 7,766 42 Ret claceraces part activities 1,294 7,766 42 Proceeds from sale of delinquent loans 1,294 7,766 42 Ret activity of short-term borrowed funds 1,294 7 1,294 1,294 1,294 1,294		· ,	3,820
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of bank premises and equipment (1,275) (7) Net (purchases) reflemptions of Federal Home Loan Bank of New York shares (2,421) (4,275) Purchases of securities available for sale (19,402) (157,402) Proceeds from sales and calls of securities available for sale - 14,8 (10,405) Proceeds from maturities and prepayment of loans (8,362) 94 Net (originations) and repayment of loans (814,55) (6,50) Proceeds from sale of oreal estate owned 515 (6,50) Proceeds from sale of etal estate owned 515 (6,50) Proceeds from sale of delinquent loans 7,766 4.2 Net cash used in investing activities 22,824 (118,100) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES 12,914 (7,766) 4.2 Net (decrease) in non-interest hearing deposits 18,728 20.5 5.2 8.2 Net (decrease) in mortgagors' escrow deposits 18,728 20.5 5.2 8.2 5.2 8.2 5.2 8.2 5.2 8.2 5.2 8.2			29,172
Purchases of bank premises and equipment (1,275) C Net (suprchases) redemptions of Federal Home Loan Bank of New York shares (1,245) C Purchases of securities available for sale (19,462) (157,27) Proceeds from sale and calls of securities available for sale 68,362 94,4 Proceeds from maturities and prepayment of loans (8,362) 94,4 Net (originations) and repayment of loans (14,455) (6,56) Proceeds from sale of real estate owned 515 6 Proceeds from sale of real estate owned 515 6 Proceeds from sale of real estate owned 515 6 Proceeds from sale of real estate owned 515 6 Proceeds from sale of delinquent loans 7,766 4.2 Ret cash used in investing activities 21,914 7 Ret care used in one-interest bearing deposits 12,914 7 Net increase in non-interest bearing deposits 12,914 9 Net increase in interest-bearing deposits 12,914 9 1 Net increase in interest-bearing deposits 12,914 9 1 2	Net cash provided by operating activities	20,910	29,172
Purchases of bank premises and equipment (1,275) C Net (suprchases) redemptions of Federal Home Loan Bank of New York shares (1,245) C Purchases of securities available for sale (19,462) (157,27) Proceeds from sale and calls of securities available for sale 68,362 94,4 Proceeds from maturities and prepayment of loans (8,362) 94,4 Net (originations) and repayment of loans (14,455) (6,56) Proceeds from sale of real estate owned 515 6 Proceeds from sale of real estate owned 515 6 Proceeds from sale of real estate owned 515 6 Proceeds from sale of real estate owned 515 6 Proceeds from sale of delinquent loans 7,766 4.2 Ret cash used in investing activities 21,914 7 Ret care used in one-interest bearing deposits 12,914 7 Net increase in non-interest bearing deposits 12,914 9 Net increase in interest-bearing deposits 12,914 9 1 Net increase in interest-bearing deposits 12,914 9 1 2	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Net (purchases) redemptions of Federal Home Loan Bank of New York shares (1,421) 4.5 Purchases of securities available for sale (11,462) (15,72) Proceeds from sales and calls of securities available for sale (8,362) 94 Net (originations) and repayment of loans (18,455) (6,56) Proceeds from sale of real estate owned 515 (6,66) Proceeds from sale of delinquent loans 7,766 4.2 Proceeds from sale of delinquent loans (18,455) (6,66) Proceeds from sale of delinquent loans (18,15) (6,66) Net cash used in investing activities (18,10) (18,10) Proceeds from sale of delinquent loans (18,10) (18,10) Net cash used in investing activities (18,10) (18,10) Proceeds from sale of delinquent loans (18,10) (18,10) Net cash used in investing activities (18,10) (18,10) Net cash used in investing activities (18,10) (18,10) Net cash used in investing activities (18,10) (18,10) Net cash used in investing activities and investing activities and interpayment activities and interpayment		(1.275)	(714)
Purchases of securities available for sale (19,462) (157.7) Proceeds from maturities and prepayments of securities available for sale 68,362 94. Proceeds from maturities and prepayment of loans 38,146 (71.7) Purchases of loans (14,455) (65.8) Proceeds from sale of real estate owned 515 (6.9) Proceeds from sale of delinquent loans 7,766 4.2 Net cash used in investing activities (22,824) (118.1) CASHFLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Net increase in non-interest bearing deposits (87,728) 20.5. Net increase in interest-bearing deposits (87,728) 20.5. Net activity of short-term borrowed funds 104,639 (14,455) Net activity of short-term borrowings (75,416) (130,54) Proceeds from long-term borrowings (75,416) (130,54) Procease in creasury stock (374) (37,40) Excess tax benefit (expense) from stock-based payment arrangements 20.16 (22,28) Proceeds from issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options (30,40) (37,80) <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>4,363</td></t<>			4,363
Proceeds from sales and calls of securities available for sale 68,362 94,87 Proceeds from maturities and prepayments of securities available for sale 38,146 (71,7 Purchases of foams (14,455) (65,60) Proceeds from sale of real estate owned 515 65,60 Proceeds from sale of delinquent loans 7,766 4,2 Net cash used in investing activities (22,824) (118,1) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Net increase in non-interest bearing deposits 12,914 7 Net increase in inortigators' scrow deposits (87,728) 205,7 Net activity of short-term borroweff funds 104,639 (14,60) Net care in mortigators' scrow deposits (37,41) (30,60) Net increase in inortigators' scrow deposits (37,41) (30,60) Net increase in mortigatory's scrow deposits (37,41) (30,60) Net increase in inortigatory's scrow deposits (37,41) (30,60) Net increase in inortigatory's scrow deposits (37,41) (30,60) Repair to interest bearing deposits (37,41) (30,60) Repair			
Proceeds from maturities and prepayments of securities available for sale 68.362 9.44 Net (originations) and repayment of loans 38.146 (71.7 Proceads from sale of real estate owned 515 6.5 Proceeds from sale of real estate owned 515 6.4 Proceeds from sale of deliquent loans 7.766 4.2 Net cash used in investing activities 2.736 4.2 CASHFLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Net (Idecrease) increase in innerterest bearing deposits 1.914 7. Net (Idecrease) increase in interest-bearing deposits 1.914 7. Net activity of short-term borrowed funds 1.04,639 1.4 Proceeds from long-term borrowings 2.6,335 3.0 Repayment of long-term borrowings 7.5,416 (13.05) Purchases of treasury stock 2.05 2. Excess tax benefit (expense) from stock-based payment arrangements 2.05 2. Proceeds from issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options 2.016 2. Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 8.8,6 8.8,6 Net decrease in cash and c		(119,402)	14.827
Net foriginations) and repayment of loans 38,146 71.7 Purchases of loans (14,455) 6.5 Proceeds from sale of real estate owned 515 6 Proceeds from sale of delinquent loans 7,766 4.3 Net cash used in investing activities 818,1 (18,1 CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES We tincrease in non-interest bearing deposits 12,914 7 Net activity of short-term borrowed funds 87,228 5.5 Net activity of short-term borrowed funds 104,639 (14,639) Proceeds from long-term borrowings 26,335 30,0 Proceeds from long-term borrowings 374,416 (30,40) Purchases of treasury stock 374 (30,40) Excess tax benefit (expense) from stock-based payment arrangements 205 (30,40) Proceeds from insuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options 2,016 2,02 Proceeds from insuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options 2,016 2,02 Recass tax benefit (expense) from stock-based payment arrangements 2,016 2,02 Net cash (used) provi		68 262	94,408
Purchases of loans (14,455) (6.57) Proceeds from sale of eal estate owned 5.15 (6.57) Proceeds from sale of delinquent loans 7,766 4.2 Net cash used in investing activities 20,28,24 (118,18) CASH FLOWS FROM FINACING ACTIVITIES Net (decrease in non-interest bearing deposits 12,914 7 Net (decrease) increase in initerest-bearing deposits (87,28) 205.7 Net activity short-term borrowed funds 9,463 104.63 Proceeds from long-term borrowings 20,335 30,0 Repayment of long-term borrowings 20,35 30,0 Repayment of long-term borrowings 20,5 40,0 Excess tax benefit (expense) from stock-based payment arrangements 20,5 40,0 Excess tax benefit (expense) from stock-based payment arrangements 30,0 40,0 Proceeds from issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options 6,00 6 Cash and cash equivalents and cash equivalents 8,010 7,5 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 3,3,784 28,6 Cash and cash equivalents, end of peri			
Proceeds from sale of real estate owned 515 6 Proceds from sale of delinquent loans 7,766 4,2 Net cash used in investing activities (22,82) (118,8) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Net increase in non-interest bearing deposits 12,914 7 Net increase in inortegacy scrow deposits 53,28 5,5 Net activity of short-term borrowing scrow deposits 104,639 14,5 Net activity of short-term borrowings 26,335 30,0 Proceeds from long-term borrowings (75,416) (130,5 Proceds from issuance of treasury stock (374) (3 Excess tax benefit (expense) from stock-based payment arrangements 2016 2 Proceeds from issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options 2,016 2 Sexes stax benefit (expense) from stock-based payment arrangements (8,010) (7,8 Proceeds from issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options 2,016 2 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 4,7,89 28,4 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 3,3,781 28,4			
Proceeds from sale of delinquent loans 7,766 4,2 Net cash used in investing activities 22,824 (118,10) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Net increase in non-interest bearing deposits 12,914 7 Net (decrease) increase in interest-bearing deposits 68,728 205,5 Net increase in mortgagors' escrow deposits 5,328 5,5 Net activity of short-term borrowings 26,335 30,0 Repair multiplication of treasury stock (75,416) (13,0) Repair to flong-term borrowings 75,416 (13,0) Proceeds from issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options 205 6 Excess tax benefit (expense) from stock-based payment arrangements 205 6 Proceeds from issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options 201 2 Ret decrease in cash and cash equivalents 200 3 Net cash (used) provided by financing activities 47,789 28,4 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 47,789 28,4 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period 31,861 47,789 Cash and c			(6,960)
Net cash used in investing activities (22,824) (118,1) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES To provide the provided poposits 12,914 7 Net increase in non-interest bearing deposits (87,728) 205,7 Net increase in mortgagors' escrow deposits 5,328 5,5 Net activity of short-term borrowed funds 104,639 (14,62) Proceeds from long-term borrowings 26,335 30,0 Repayment of long-term borrowings (75,416) (130,5) Purchases of treasury stock (374) 0 Excess tax benefit (expense) from stock-based payment arrangements 205 0 Proceeds from issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options 2,016 2 Cash dividends paid (8,010) (7,8) Net cash (used) provided by financing activities (16,005) 0 Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (16,005) 0 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 47,789 28,4 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period 31,781 28,6 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period 33,210 47,789			646
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Net increase in non-interest bearing deposits 12,914 7 Net (decrease) increase in interest-bearing deposits (87,728) 205,7 Net increase in mortgagors' escrow deposits 5,328 5,5 Net activity of short-term borrowed flunds 104,639 (14,8 Proceeds from long-term borrowings 26,335 30,0 Repayment of long-term borrowings (75,416) (130,5) Purchases of treasury stock 374 (3 Excess tax benefit (expense) from stock-based payment arrangements 205 (2 Proceeds from issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options 2,016 2 Cash dividends paid (8,010) (7,8 Net cash (used) provided by financing activities (8,010) (7,8 Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (16,005) (3 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 47,789 28,4 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$31,784 \$28,6 SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW DISCLOSURE Interest paid \$3,251 47,5 <t< td=""><td>•</td><td></td><td>4,302</td></t<>	•		4,302
Net increase in non-interest bearing deposits 12,914 7 Net (decrease) increase in interest bearing deposits (87,728) 205,7 Net increase in mortgagors' escrow deposits 5,328 5,5 Net activity of short-term borrowing forms developed funds 104,639 (14,87) Proceeds from long-term borrowings 26,335 30,0 Repayment of long-term borrowings (374) (3 Repayment of long-term borrowings 374,16 (130,9 Purchases of treasury stock 374,16 (30,0 Excess tax benefit (expense) from stock-based payment arrangements 205 6 Proceeds from issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options 2,016 2 Cash dividends paid (8,010) 7,8 Net cash (used) provided by financing activities (16,005) (3 Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (16,005) (3 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 47,789 28,4 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period 31,861 47,89 Exterest paid 3,201 47,5 Income taxes paid 3	Net cash used in investing activities	(22,824)	(118,107)
Net (decrease) increase in interest-bearing deposits (87,728) 205,7 Net increase in mortgagors' escrow deposits 5,328 5,5 Net activitives 104,639 (14,5 Proceeds from long-term borrowings 26,335 30,0 Repayment of long-term borrowings (75,416) (130,5) Purchases of treasury stock (75,416) (130,5) Excess tax benefit (expense) from stock-based payment arrangements 205 6 Proceeds from issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options 2,016 2 Cash dividends paid (8,010) (7,8 Net cash (used) provided by financing activities (8,010) (7,8 Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (16,005) (3 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 47,789 28,4 Cash and cash equivalents, equivalents, equivalents, beginning of period 31,861 47,58 EUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW DISCLOSURE 13,656 14,1 Interest paid 8 39,210 \$ 39,210 \$ 47,58 Income taxes paid 8 39,210 \$ 3,20 \$ 3,20 In	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Net increase in mortgagors' escrow deposits 5,328 5,5 Net activity of short-term borrowed funds 104,639 (14,5 Proceeds from long-term borrowings 26,335 30,6 Repayment of long-term borrowings (75,416) (130,5 Purchases of treasury stock (374) (3 Excess tax benefit (expense) from stock-based payment arrangements 20,5 (4 Proceeds from issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options 2,016 2 Cash dividends paid (8,010) (7,8 Net cash (used) provided by financing activities (20,091) 88,6 Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (16,005) (3 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 47,789 28,4 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period 31,784 28,6 SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW DISCLOSURE \$39,210 47,5 Income taxes paid 3,365 14,1 Taxes paid if excess tax benefits were not tax deductible 13,861 14,1 Non-cash activities: 2 1,861 3,3 Loans transferred to other real estate owned 1,861 3,3	Net increase in non-interest bearing deposits	12,914	795
Net activity of short-term borrowed funds 104,639 (14,5) Proceeds from long-term borrowings 26,335 30,0 Repayment of long-term borrowings (75,416) 013,0 Purchases of treasury stock (374) (3 Excess tax benefit (expense) from stock-based payment arrangements 205 (2 Proceeds from issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options 2,016 2 Cash dividends paid (8,010) (7,8 Net cash (used) provided by financing activities (20,091) 88,6 Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (16,005) (3 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 47,789 28,4 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$ 31,784 \$ 28,0 SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW DISCLOSURE Interest paid \$ 39,210 \$ 47,5 Income taxes paid \$ 39,210 \$ 47,5 Income taxes paid \$ 13,656 14,1 Town-cash activities: \$ 13,861 14,1 Loans transferred to other real estate owned 1,861 3,3	Net (decrease) increase in interest-bearing deposits	(87,728)	205,731
Proceeds from long-term borrowings 26,335 30,0 Repayment of long-term borrowings (75,416) (130,5) Purchases of treasury stock 374 (2 Excess tax benefit (expense) from stock-based payment arrangements 205 6 Proceeds from issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options 2,016 2 Cash dividends paid (8,010) (7,8 Net cash (used) provided by financing activities (20,091) 88,6 Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (16,005) (3 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 47,789 28,4 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$31,784 \$28,0 SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW DISCLOSURE Increst paid \$39,210 \$47,5 Income taxes paid \$39,210 \$47,5 Non-cash activities: 13,861 14,1 Non-cash activities: 13,861 14,1 Loans transferred to other real estate owned 1,861 3,3	Net increase in mortgagors' escrow deposits	5,328	5,536
Repayment of long-term borrowings (75,416) (130,5 Purchases of treasury stock (374) (3 Excess tax benefit (expense) from stock-based payment arrangements 205 6 Proceeds from issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options 2,016 2 Cash dividends paid (8,010) (7,8 Net cash (used) provided by financing activities (20,091) 88,6 Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (16,005) (3 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 47,789 28,4 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period 31,784 328,0 SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW DISCLOSURE Interest paid 39,210 47,5 Income taxes paid 39,210 47,5 Taxes paid if excess tax benefits were not tax deductible 13,861 14,1 Non-cash activities: Loans transferred to other real estate owned 1,861 3,3	Net activity of short-term borrowed funds	104,639	(14,500)
Purchases of treasury stock (374) (3 Excess tax benefit (expense) from stock-based payment arrangements 205 (2 Proceeds from issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options 2,016 2 Cash dividends paid (8,010) (7,8 Net cash (used) provided by financing activities (20,091) 88,6 Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (16,005) (3 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 47,789 28,4 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$ 31,784 \$ 28,0 SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW DISCLOSURE Interest paid 39,210 \$ 47,5 Income taxes paid 39,210 \$ 47,5 Income taxes paid if excess tax benefits were not tax deductible 13,656 14,1 Non-cash activities: 13,861 14,1 Loans transferred to other real estate owned 1,861 3,3	Proceeds from long-term borrowings	26,335	30,000
Excess tax benefit (expense) from stock-based payment arrangements 205 Proceeds from issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options 2,016 Cash dividends paid (8,010) (7,8 Net cash (used) provided by financing activities (20,091) 88,6 Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (16,005) (3 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 47,789 28,4 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$ 31,784 \$ 28,0 SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW DISCLOSURE Interest paid \$ 39,210 \$ 47,5 Income taxes paid 13,656 14,1 Taxes paid if excess tax benefits were not tax deductible 13,861 14,1 Non-cash activities: Loans transferred to other real estate owned 1,861 3,3	Repayment of long-term borrowings	(75,416)	(130,919)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options 2,016 2 Cash dividends paid (8,010) (7,8 Net cash (used) provided by financing activities (20,091) 88,6 Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (16,005) (2 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 47,789 28,4 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$ 31,784 \$ 28,0 SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW DISCLOSURE Interest paid \$ 39,210 \$ 47,5 Income taxes paid 13,656 14,1 Taxes paid if excess tax benefits were not tax deductible 13,861 14,1 Non-cash activities: Loans transferred to other real estate owned 1,861 3,3	Purchases of treasury stock	(374)	(345)
Cash dividends paid (8,010) (7,8 Net cash (used) provided by financing activities (20,091) 88,6 Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (16,005) (3 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 47,789 28,4 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$ 31,784 \$ 28,0 SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW DISCLOSURE Interest paid \$ 39,210 \$ 47,5 Income taxes paid 13,656 14,1 Taxes paid if excess tax benefits were not tax deductible 13,861 14,1 Non-cash activities: 1 Loans transferred to other real estate owned 1,861 3,3	Excess tax benefit (expense) from stock-based payment arrangements	205	(35)
Cash dividends paid (8,010) (7,8 Net cash (used) provided by financing activities (20,091) 88,6 Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (16,005) (3 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 47,789 28,4 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$ 31,784 \$ 28,0 SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW DISCLOSURE Interest paid \$ 39,210 \$ 47,5 Income taxes paid 13,656 14,1 Taxes paid if excess tax benefits were not tax deductible 13,861 14,1 Non-cash activities: 1 Loans transferred to other real estate owned 1,861 3,3	Proceeds from issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options	2,016	234
Net cash (used) provided by financing activities (20,091) 88,6 Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (16,005) (3 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 47,789 28,4 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$ 31,784 \$ 28,0 SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW DISCLOSURE Interest paid \$ 39,210 \$ 47,5 Income taxes paid 13,656 14,1 Taxes paid if excess tax benefits were not tax deductible 13,861 14,1 Non-cash activities: Loans transferred to other real estate owned 1,861 3,3		(8.010)	(7,892)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period \$28.4 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$31,784 \$28.6 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$31,784 \$28.6 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$39.210 \$47.5 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$47.5 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$47.5 Cash and cash equivalents, en	*		88,605
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period \$28.4 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$31,784 \$28.6 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$31,784 \$28.6 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$39.210 \$47.5 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$47.5 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$47.5 Cash and cash equivalents, en	Nat dacrassa in each and each aguivalants	(16,005)	(330)
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$\\\\ 31,784\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\			28,426
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW DISCLOSURE Interest paid \$ 39,210 \$ 47,5 Income taxes paid 13,656 14,1 Taxes paid if excess tax benefits were not tax deductible 13,861 14,1 Non-cash activities: Loans transferred to other real estate owned 1,861 3,3	,		
Interest paid\$ 39,210\$ 47,5Income taxes paid13,65614,1Taxes paid if excess tax benefits were not tax deductible13,86114,1Non-cash activities:Loans transferred to other real estate owned1,8613,3	Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 31,784 \$	28,096
Income taxes paid13,65614,1Taxes paid if excess tax benefits were not tax deductible13,86114,1Non-cash activities:1,8613,3Loans transferred to other real estate owned1,8613,3			
Taxes paid if excess tax benefits were not tax deductible Non-cash activities: Loans transferred to other real estate owned 1,861 14,1 1,861 1,861 3,3			
Non-cash activities: Loans transferred to other real estate owned 1,861 3,3		13,656	14,166
Non-cash activities: Loans transferred to other real estate owned 1,861 3,3	Taxes paid if excess tax benefits were not tax deductible	13,861	14,131
7			
,·· · · · · · · ·	Loans transferred to other real estate owned	1,861	3,390
Loans provided for the sale of other real estate owned 1,345 1,5	Loans provided for the sale of other real estate owned	1,345	1,969

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity and Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Unaudited)

		For the six mo		ended
(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)		2011		2010
Preferred Stock				
Balance, beginning of period	\$	_	\$	_
No activity	Ψ	_	Ψ	_
Balance, end of period	\$	_	\$	_
Common Stock	<u></u>			
Balance, beginning of period	\$	313	\$	311
Issuance upon exercise of stock options (155,061 and 18,982 common shares for the	•		-	
six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively)		1		-
Shares issued upon vesting of restricted stock unit awards (119,600 and 87,621 common shares for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively)		1		1
Balance, end of period	\$	315	\$	312
Additional Paid-In Capital	·			
Balance, beginning of period	\$	189,348	\$	185,842
Award of common shares released from Employee Benefit Trust (135,617 and 126,947		207,010		
common shares for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively)		1,468		1,100
Shares issued upon vesting of restricted stock unit awards (119,600 and 102,864 common				
shares for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively)		1,667		1,391
Issuance upon exercise of stock options (175,570 and 18,982 common shares for the				
six months ended June 30, 2011and 2010, respectively)		1,825		208
Stock-based compensation activity, net		21		(283)
Stock-based income tax benefit (expense)		205		(35)
Balance, end of period	<u>\$</u>	194,534	\$	188,223
Treasury Stock				
Balance, beginning of period	\$	-	\$	(36)
Shares issued upon vesting of restricted stock unit awards (18,358 common				
shares for the six months ended June 30, 2010)		-		237
Issuance upon exercise of stock options (20,509 and 37,218 common shares for the		20.4		
six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively)		294		514
Repurchase of shares to satisfy tax obligations (27,368 and 26,350 common shares for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively)		(374)		(245)
Repurchase of shares to pay for option exercise (3,794 and 26,011 common shares		(3/4)		(345)
for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010)		(54)		(370)
Balance, end of period	\$	(134)	\$	(370)
•	<u>\$</u>	(134)	a	-
Unearned Compensation	\$		¢.	(575)
Balance, beginning of period Release of shares from the Employee Benefit Trust (96,130 common	\$	-	\$	(575)
shares for the six months ended June 30, 2010)				328
Balance, end of period	¢		\$	
Balance, one of period	<u>\$</u>		ф	(247)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements .

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity and Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (continued) (Unaudited)

> For the six months ended June 30,

549

5,951

14,211

3,933

13,079

518

443

18,131

549

8,437

24,719

(Dollars in thousands)							2011		2010
Retained Earnings									
Balance, beginning of period						\$	204,128	\$	181,181
Net income							17,027		15,658
Cash dividends declared and paid on common shares (\$0.26 per common							(0.010)		(7.000)
share for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively) Issuance upon exercise of stock options (175,570 and 37,218 common shares for the six							(8,010)		(7,892)
months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively)							(46)		(92)
Shares issued upon vesting of restricted stock unit awards (3,295 common							(40)		(92)
shares for the six months ended June 30, 2010)									(8)
Balance, end of period						\$	213,099	\$	188,847
						Ψ	213,077	Ψ	100,047
Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Gain Balance, beginning of period						\$	(3,744)	\$	(6,579)
Change in net unrealized gains on securities available for sale, net of taxes of						ф	(3,744)	ф	(0,379)
approximately (\$336) and (\$6,743) for the six months ended June 30, 2011									
and 2010, respectively							443		8,450
Amortization of actuarial losses, net of taxes of approximately (\$122) and (\$68)							773		0,430
for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively							156		85
Amortization of prior service credits, net of taxes of approximately \$10 and \$8									
for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively							(13)		(10)
OTTI charges included in income, net of taxes of approximately (\$408) and (\$439) for the									
six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively							518		549
Reclassification adjustment for gains included in net income, net of taxes of approximately									
\$10 for the six months ended June 30, 2010							-		(13)
Balance, end of period						\$	(2,640)	\$	2,482
Total Stockholders' Equity						\$	405,174	\$	379,617
		For t	he three	montl	hs ended		For the six n	onths	ended
			June	e 30,			June	: 30,	
	<u>.</u>	201	1	. <u> </u>	2010		2011		2010
Comprehensive Income	•		-						
Net income	;	\$	9,074	\$	7,673	\$	17,027	\$	15,658
Amortization of actuarial losses			79		43		156		85
Amortization of prior service credits			(7)		(5)		(13)		(10)
OTTOTAL 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					F 40				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements .

OTTI charges included in income Unrealized gains on securities, net

Comprehensive income

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation

The primary business of Flushing Financial Corporation (the "Holding Company") is the operation of its wholly-owned subsidiary, Flushing Savings Bank, FSB (the "Savings Bank"). The Holding Company and its direct and indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries, the Savings Bank, Flushing Commercial Bank, Flushing Preferred Funding Corporation, Flushing Service Corporation, and FSB Properties Inc., are collectively herein referred to as the "Company." The unaudited consolidated financial statements presented in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q ("Quarterly Report") include the collective results of the Company on a consolidated basis.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). The information furnished in these interim statements reflects all adjustments which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair statement of the results for such presented periods of the Company. Such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature, unless otherwise disclosed in this Quarterly Report. All inter-company balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. The results of operations in the interim statements are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the full year.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with the instructions to Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and Article 10, Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X for interim financial statements. Accordingly, certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been condensed or omitted pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). The unaudited consolidated interim financial information should be read in conjunction with the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior-period consolidated financial statements to conform to the current-period presentation.

2. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates

3. Earnings Per Share

Earnings per share is computed in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 260 "Earnings Per Share," which provides that unvested share-based payment awards that contain non-forfeitable rights to dividends or dividend equivalents (whether paid or unpaid) are participating securities and as such should be included in the calculation of earnings per share. Basic earnings per common share is computed by dividing net income available to common shareholders by the total weighted average number of common shares outstanding, which includes unvested participating securities. The Company's unvested restricted stock and restricted stock unit awards are considered participating securities. Therefore, weighted average common shares outstanding used for computing basic earnings per common share includes common share outstanding plus unvested restricted stock and restricted stock unit awards. The computation of diluted earnings per share includes the additional dilutive effect of stock options outstanding during the period. Common stock equivalents that are anti-dilutive are not included in the computation of diluted earnings per common share. The numerator for calculating basic and diluted earnings per common share is net income available to common shareholders.

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

Earnings per common share has been computed based on the following:

	For the three June		s ended		For the six m June	ended
	 2011		2011	2010		
	 (In thousands, except \$ 9,074 \$ 7,673				r share data)	
Net income, as reported	\$ 9,074	\$	7,673	\$	17,027	\$ 15,658
Divided by:						
Weighted average common shares outstanding	30,823		30,352		30,722	30,305
Weighted average common stock equivalents	41		47		54	36
Total weighted average common shares outstanding and						
common stock equivalents	30,864		30,399		30,776	30,341
Basic earnings per common share	\$ 0.29	\$	0.25	\$	0.55	\$ 0.52
Diluted earnings per common share (1)	\$ 0.29	\$	0.25	\$	0.55	\$ 0.52
Dividend payout ratio	44.8%		52.0%		47.3%	50.0%

(1) For the three and six months ended June 30, 2011, options to purchase 560,550 shares at an average exercise price of \$17.62 were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per common share as they are anti-dilutive. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, options to purchase 722,530 shares at an average exercise price of \$16.71 were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per common share as they are anti-dilutive.

4. Debt and Equity Securities

The Company's investments are classified in one of the following three categories and accounted for accordingly: (1) trading securities, (2) securities available for sale and (3) securities held-to-maturity.

The Company did not hold any trading securities or securities held-to-maturity during the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010. Securities available for sale are recorded at fair value.

The following table summarizes the Company's portfolio of securities available for sale at June 30, 2011:

	A	mortized				Gross realized	U	Gross nrealized
		Cost Fair		ir Value		Gains		Losses
				(In the	usands	i)		
U.S. government agencies	\$	10,262	\$	10,229	\$	98	\$	131
Other		27,712		23,676		12		4,048
Mutual funds		20,915		20,915		-		-
Total other securities		58,889		54,820		110		4,179
REMIC and CMO		508,516		507,702		12,307		13,121
GNMA		70,055		74,891		4,849		13
FNMA		190,808		193,464		3,999		1,343
FHLMC		22,222		22,942		720		-
Total mortgage-backed securities		791,601		798,999		21,875		14,477
Total securities available for sale	\$	850,490	\$	853,819	\$	21,985	\$	18,656

Mortgage-backed securities shown in the table above include one private issue collateralized mortgage obligation ("CMO") that is collateralized by commercial real estate mortgages with an amortized cost and market value of \$12.4 million at June 30, 2011. The remaining private issue mortgage-backed securities are backed by one-to-four family residential mortgage loans.

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

The following table shows the Company's available for sale securities with gross unrealized losses and their fair value, aggregated by category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position, at June 30, 2011:

		Tot	tal		Less than 1	l2 mo	nths		12 months	s or more				
	Fair Value			Fair Value			Unrealized Losses	 Fair Value	U	nrealized Losses	F	air Value		realized Losses
				(In thou	sands)								
U.S. government agencies	\$	7,869	\$	131	\$ 7,869	\$	131	\$	-	\$	-			
Other		5,514		4,048	-		-		5,514		4,048			
Total other securities		13,383		4,179	7,869		131		5,514		4,048			
REMIC and CMO		187,310		13,121	156,765		3,393		30,545		9,728			
GNMA		1,184		13	1,184		13		-		_			
FNMA		86,585		1,343	86,585		1,343							
Total mortgage-backed securities		275,079		14,477	244,534		4,749		30,545		9,728			
Total securities available for sale	\$	288,462	\$	18,656	\$ 252,403	\$	4,880	\$	36,059	\$	13,776			

Other-than-temporary impairment ("OTTI") losses on impaired securities must be fully recognized in earnings if an investor has the intent to sell the debt security or if it is more likely than not that the investor will be required to sell the debt security before recovery of its amortized cost. However, even if an investor does not expect to sell a debt security, it must evaluate the expected cash flows to be received and determine if a credit loss has occurred. In the event that a credit loss has occurred, only the amount of impairment associated with the credit loss is recognized in earnings in the Consolidated Statements of Income. Amounts relating to factors other than credit losses are recorded in accumulated other comprehensive loss ("AOCL") within Stockholders' Equity. Additional disclosures regarding the calculation of credit losses as well as factors considered by the investor in reaching a conclusion that an investment is not other-than-temporarily impaired are required.

The Company reviewed each investment that had an unrealized loss at June 30, 2011. An unrealized loss exists when the current fair value of an investment is less than its amortized cost basis. Unrealized losses on available for sale securities, that are deemed to be temporary, are recorded net of tax in AOCL. Unrealized losses that are considered to be other-than-temporary are split between credit related and noncredit related impairments, with the credit related impairment being recorded as a charge against earnings and the noncredit related impairment being recorded in AOCL, net of tax.

The Company evaluates its pooled trust preferred securities, included in the table above in the row labeled "Other", using an impairment model through an independent third party, which includes evaluating the financial condition of each counterparty. For single issuer trust preferred securities, the Company evaluates the issuer's financial condition. The Company evaluates its mortgage-backed securities by reviewing the characteristics of the securities, including delinquency and foreclosure levels, projected losses at various loss severity levels and credit enhancement and coverage. In addition, private issue CMOs are evaluated using an impairment model through an independent third party. When an OTTI is identified, the portion of the impairment that is credit related is determined by management by using the following methods: (1) for trust preferred securities, the credit related impairment is determined by using a discounted cash flow model from an independent third party, with the difference between the present value of the projected cash flows and the amortized cost basis of the security recorded as a credit related loss against earnings; and (2) for mortgage-backed securities, credit related impairment is determined for each security by estimating losses based on a set of assumptions, which includes delinquency and foreclosure levels, projected losses at various loss severity levels, credit related loss against earnings.

U.S Government Agencies:

The unrealized losses on U.S. government agencies were caused by movements in interest rates. It is not anticipated that these securities would be settled at a price that is less than the amortized cost of the Company's investment. Each of these securities is performing according to its terms, and, in the opinion of management, will continue to perform according to its terms. The Company does not have the intent to sell these securities and it is more likely than not the Company will not be required to sell the securities before recovery of the securities amortized cost basis. This conclusion is based upon considering the Company's cash and working capital requirements, and contractual and regulatory obligations, none of which the Company believes would cause the sale of the securities. Therefore, the Company did not consider these investments to be other-than-temporarily impaired at June 30, 2011.

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

Other Securities:

The unrealized losses in Other securities at June 30, 2011, consist of losses on one single issuer trust preferred security and two pooled trust preferred securities.

The unrealized losses on the single issuer trust preferred security and two pooled trust preferred securities were caused by market interest volatility, a significant widening of credit spreads across markets for these securities, and illiquidity and uncertainty in the financial markets. These securities are currently rated below investment grade. The pooled trust preferred securities do not have collateral that is subordinate to the classes we own. The Company evaluates these securities using an impairment model, through an independent third party, that is applied to debt securities. In estimating other-than-temporary impairment losses, management considers: (1) the length of time and the extent to which the fair value has been less than amortized cost; (2) the current interest rate environment; (3) the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer, if applicable and (4) the intent and ability of the Company to retain its investment in the issuer for a period of time sufficient to allow for any anticipated recovery in fair value. Additionally, management reviews the financial condition of each individual issuer within the pooled trust preferred securities. All of the issuers of the underlying collateral of the pooled trust preferred securities we reviewed are banks.

For each bank, our review included the following performance items:

- · Ratio of tangible equity to assets
- Tier 1 Risk Weighted Capital
- Net interest margin
- Efficiency ratio for most recent two quarters
- Return on average assets for most recent two quarters
- Texas Ratio (ratio of non-performing assets plus assets past due over 90 days divided by tangible equity plus the reserve for loan losses)
- Credit ratings (where applicable)
- Capital issuances within the past year (where applicable)
- Ability to complete Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") assisted acquisitions (where applicable)

Based on the review of the above factors, we concluded that:

- All of the performing issuers in our pools are well capitalized banks, and do not appear likely to be closed by their regulators.
- All of the performing issuers in our pools will continue as a going concern and will not default on their securities.

In order to estimate potential future defaults and deferrals, we segregated the performing underlying issuers by their Texas Ratio. We then reviewed performing issuers with Texas Ratios in excess of 50%. The Texas Ratio is a key indicator of the health of the institution and the likelihood of failure. This ratio compares the problem assets of the institution to the institution's available capital and reserves to absorb losses that are likely to occur in these assets. There were four issuers with Texas Ratios in excess of 50% for which we concluded there would not be a default, primarily due to their current operating results and demonstrated ability to raise additional capital.

There were no remaining issuers in our pooled trust preferred securities which had a Texas Ratio in excess of 70.00%. For the remaining issuers with a Texas Ratio between 50.00% and 69.99%, we estimated 25% of the related cash flows of the issuer would not be realized. We concluded that issuers with a Texas Ratio below 50.00% are considered healthy, and there was a minimal risk of default. We assigned a zero default rate to these issuers. Our analysis also assumed that issuers currently deferring would default with no recovery, and issuers that have defaulted will have no recovery.

We had an independent third party prepare a discounted cash flow analysis for each of these pooled trust preferred securities based on the assumptions discussed above. Other significant assumptions were: (1) no issuers will prepay; (2) senior classes will not call the debt on their portions; and (3) use of the forward London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") curve. The cash flows were discounted at the effective rate for each security. For each issuer that we assumed a 25% shortfall in the cash flows, the cash flow analysis eliminates 25% of the cash flow for each issuer effective immediately.

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

One of the pooled trust preferred securities is over 90 days past due and the Company has stopped accruing interest. The remaining pooled trust preferred security as well as the single issuer trust preferred security both are performing according to their terms. The Company also owns a pooled trust preferred security that is carried under the fair value option, where the unrealized losses are included in the Consolidated Statements of Income—Net gain (loss) from fair value adjustments. This security is over 90 days past due and the Company has stopped accruing interest.

It is not anticipated at this time that the one single issuer trust preferred security and the two pooled trust preferred securities, would be settled at a price that is less than the amortized cost of the Company's investment. Each of these securities is performing according to its terms; except for the pooled trust preferred securities for which the Company has stopped accruing interest as discussed above, and, in the opinion of management based on the review performed at June 30, 2011, will continue to perform according to its terms. The Company does not have the intent to sell these securities and it is more likely than not the Company will not be required to sell the securities before recovery of the securities' amortized cost basis. This conclusion is based upon considering the Company's cash and working capital requirements, and contractual and regulatory obligations, none of which the Company believes would cause the sale of the securities. Therefore, the Company did not consider the one single issuer trust preferred security and the two pooled trust preferred securities to be other-than-temporarily impaired at June 30, 2011.

At June 30, 2011, the Company held six trust preferred issues which had a current credit rating of at least one rating below investment grade. Two of those issues are carried under the fair value option and therefore, changes in fair value are included in the Consolidated Statement of Income – Net gain (loss) from fair value adjustments.

The following table details the remaining four trust preferred issues that were evaluated to determine if they were other-than-temporarily impaired at June 30, 2011. The class the Company owns in pooled trust preferred securities does not have any excess subordination. The table includes single-issuer or pooled trust preferred securities, class, number of performing banks in the security, amortized cost, fair value, cumulative credit related OTTI, deferrals/defaults as a percentage of the original security, expected deferrals/defaults as a percentage of currently performing issuers and the lowest current rating:

										Deferrals	/Defaults	
	Issuer Type	Class	Performing Banks	An	nortized Cost		Fair Value		Cumulative redit Related OTTI	Actual as a Percentage of Original Security	Expected Percentage of Performing Collateral	Current Lowest Rating
					(I	Dollar	s in thousa	nds)		•		
a		,			200	Φ.	251	Φ.				22
Single issuer		n/a	1	\$	300	\$	254	\$	-	None	None	BB +
Single issuer		n/a	1		500		513		-	None	None	BB -
Pooled issuer		B1	21		5,617		2,960		2,196	28.2%	2.1%	C
Pooled issuer		C1	19		3,645		2,300		1,542	25.6%	2.9%	C
	Total			\$	10,062	\$	6,027	\$	3,738			

REMIC and CMO:

The unrealized losses in Real Estate Mortgage Investment Conduit ("REMIC") and CMO securities at June 30, 2011 consist of five issues from the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("FHLMC"), four issues from the Federal National Mortgage Association ("FNMA"), seven issues from the Government National Mortgage Association ("GNMA") and eight private issues.

The unrealized losses on the REMIC and CMO securities issued by FHLMC, FNMA and GNMA were caused by movements in interest rates. It is not anticipated that these securities would be settled at a price that is less than the amortized cost of the Company's investment. Each of these securities is performing according to its terms and, in the opinion of management, will continue to perform according to its terms. The Company does not have the intent to sell these securities and it is more likely than not the Company will not be required to sell the securities before recovery of the securities amortized cost basis. This conclusion is based upon considering the Company's cash and working capital requirements, and contractual and regulatory obligations, none of which the Company believes would cause the sale of the securities. Therefore, the Company did not consider these investments to be other-than-temporarily impaired at June 30, 2011.

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

The unrealized losses at June 30, 2011 on REMIC and CMO securities issued by private issuers were caused by movements in interest rates, a significant widening of credit spreads across markets for these securities, and illiquidity and uncertainty in the financial markets. Each of these securities has some level of credit enhancements, and none are collateralized by sub-prime loans. Currently, five of these securities are performing according to their terms, with three securities remitting less than the full principal amount due. The principal loss for these three securities totaled \$0.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2011. These losses were anticipated in the cumulative credit related OTTI charges recorded for these three securities.

Credit related impairment for mortgage-backed securities are determined for each security by estimating losses based on the following set of assumptions: (1) delinquency and foreclosure levels; (2) projected losses at various loss severity levels; and (3) credit enhancement and coverage. Based on these reviews, an OTTI charge was recorded during the six months ended June 30, 2011, on one private issue CMO of \$3.9 million before tax, of which \$0.9 million was charged against earnings in the Consolidated Statements of Income and \$3.0 million before tax (\$1.7 million after-tax) was recorded in AOCL. There was no credit related OTTI charge recorded during the three months ended June 30, 2011.

The portion of the above mentioned OTTI, recorded during the six months ended June 30, 2011, that was related to credit losses was calculated using the following significant assumptions: (1) delinquency and foreclosure levels of 21%; (2) projected loss severity of 50%; (3) assumed default rates of 10% for the first 12 months, 8% for the next 12 months, 6% for the next 12 months and 2% thereafter and (4) prepayment speeds of 10%.

It is not anticipated at this time that the eight private issue securities for which an OTTI charge during the three months ended June 30, 2011was not recorded, would be settled at a price that is less than the current amortized cost of the Company's investment. Each of these securities is performing according to its terms; except for the three private issue securities that are remitting less than the full principal amount due as discussed above, and in the opinion of management, will continue to perform according to their terms. The Company does not have the intent to sell these securities and it is more likely than not the Company will not be required to sell the securities before recovery of the securities amortized cost basis. This conclusion is based upon considering the Company's cash and working capital requirements, and contractual and regulatory obligations, none of which the Company believes would cause the sale of the securities. Therefore, the Company did not consider these investments to be other-than-temporarily impaired at June 30, 2011.

At June 30, 2011, the Company held 16 private issue CMOs which had a current credit rating of at least one rating below investment grade. Six of those issues are carried under the fair value option and therefore, changes in fair value are included in the Consolidated Statement of Income – Net gain (loss) from fair value adjustments. The following table details the remaining 10 private issue CMOs that were evaluated to determine if they were other-than-temporarily impaired at June 30, 2011. The table includes, by security, amortized cost, fair value, outstanding principal, cumulative credit related OTTI charges, year security was issued, maturity date, current rating, location of underlying collateral and average FICO score of borrower:

	1	Amortized		Fair		Outstanding	Cumulative OTTI Charges	Year of		Current Lowest		Colla	teral L	ocated i	in:	1	Average FICO
Security		Cost		Value		Principal	Recorded	Issuance	Maturity	Rating	CA	FL	VA	NY	TX	MD	Score
			(Dolla	rs in thousar	ıds)												
1	\$	12,983	\$	10,124	\$	15,025	\$ 3,279	2006	05/25/36	D	45%			14%			720
2		6,113		4,550		6,213	100	2006	08/19/36	C	52%						738
3		5,811		4,040		6,257	774	2006	08/25/36	D	38%	13%					713
4		4,589		3,909		5,166	582	2006	08/25/36	CC	36%	15%		12%	10%)	727
5		3,655		3,294		3,888	171	2006	03/25/36	CCC	36%						728
6		2,707		2,729		2,724	-	2005	12/25/35	Ba2	38%						736
7		5,509		3,070		5,785	222	2006	05/25/36	CC	31%		19%			10%	714
8		1,660		1,670		1,675	-	2006	08/25/36	B2	28%						738
9		1,889		1,866		1,916	-	2005	11/25/35	В	39%		17%			11%	732
10		1,613		1,558		1,616	-	2005	11/25/35	CCC	45%						740
Total	\$	46,529	\$	36,810	\$	50,265	\$ 5,128										

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

GNMA:

The unrealized losses on the securities issued by GNMA were caused by movements in interest rates. It is not anticipated that these securities would be settled at a price that is less than the amortized cost of the Company's investment. Each of these securities is performing according to its terms and, in the opinion of management, will continue to perform according to its terms. The Company does not have the intent to sell these securities and it is more likely than not the Company will not be required to sell the securities before recovery of the securities amortized cost basis. This conclusion is based upon considering the Company's cash and working capital requirements, and contractual and regulatory obligations, none of which the Company believes would cause the sale of the securities. Therefore, the Company did not consider these investments to be other-than-temporarily impaired at June 30, 2011.

FNMA:

The unrealized losses on the securities issued by FNMA were caused by movements in interest rates. It is not anticipated that these securities would be settled at a price that is less than the amortized cost of the Company's investment. Each of these securities is performing according to its terms and, in the opinion of management, will continue to perform according to its terms. The Company does not have the intent to sell these securities and it is more likely than not the Company will not be required to sell the securities before recovery of the securities amortized cost basis. This conclusion is based upon considering the Company's cash and working capital requirements, and contractual and regulatory obligations, none of which the Company believes would cause the sale of the securities. Therefore, the Company did not consider these investments to be other-than-temporarily impaired at June 30, 2011.

The following table details the total impairment on debt securities, as of June 30, 2011, for which the Company has previously recorded a credit related OTTI charge in the Consolidated Statements of Income:

(in thousands)	Amortized Cost Fair Val				Loss	s Unrealized ses Recorded in AOCL	Cre	mulative dit OTTI Losses
Private issued CMO's (1)	\$	38,660	\$	28,986	\$	9,674	\$	3,601
Trust preferred securities (1)		9,262		5,260		4,002		3,738
Total	\$	47,922	\$	34,246	\$	13,676	\$	7,339

(1) The Company has recorded OTTI charges in the Consolidated Statements of Income on six private issue CMOs and two pooled trust preferred securities for which a portion of the OTTI is currently recorded in AOCL.

The following table represents the activity related to the credit loss component recognized in earnings on debt securities held by the Company for which a portion of OTTI was recognized in AOCL for the period indicated:

	For the six	months ended
(in thousands)	June	30, 2011
Beginning balance	\$	7,011
Recognition of actual losses		(598)
OTTI charges due to credit loss recorded in earnings		926
Securities sold during the period		-
Securities where there is an intent to sell or requirement to sell		-
Ending balance	\$	7,339

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

The following table details the amortized cost and estimated fair value of the Company's securities, classified as available for sale at June 30, 2011, by contractual maturity. Expected maturities will differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

	Amortized	
	Cost	Fair Value
	(In thou	usands)
Due in one year or less	\$ 23,448	\$ 23,448
Due after one year through five years	9,933	10,031
Due after five years through ten years	-	-
Due after ten years	25,508	21,341
Total other securities	58,889	54,820
Mortgage-backed securities	791,601	798,999
Total securities available for sale	\$ 850,490	\$ 853,819

The following table summarizes the Company's portfolio of securities available for sale at December 31, 2010:

						Gross	(Gross
	Aı	mortized			Un	realized	Un	realized
		Cost	Fa	ir Value		Gains	I	osses
			(In tho		ousands)			
U.S. government agencies	\$	10,556	\$	10,459	\$	111	\$	208
Other		31,423		29,028		6		2,401
Mutual funds		10,625		10,625		-		-
Total other securities		52,604		50,112		117		2,609
REMIC and CMO		456,210		453,465		10,039		12,784
GNMA		81,439		85,955		4,580		64
FNMA		192,750		194,540		3,813		2,023
FHLMC		19,561		20,117		556		-
Total mortgage-backed securities		749,960		754,077		18,988		14,871
Total securities available for sale	\$	802,564	\$	804,189	\$	19,105	\$	17,480

Mortgage-backed securities shown in the table above included one private issue CMO that was collateralized by commercial real estate mortgages with an amortized cost and market value of \$14.6 million at December 31, 2010. The remaining private issue mortgage-backed securities are backed by one-to-four family residential mortgage loans.

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

The following table shows the Company's available for sale securities with gross unrealized losses and their fair value, aggregated by category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position, at December 31, 2010:

	Total					Less than	onths		re			
	Fa	ir Value		Unrealized Losses		Fair Value		nrealized Losses	Fair Value			realized Losses
I.C. government agencies	¢	7,792	Ф	208	Ф	(In thou 7,792	sands	208	¢.		Ф	
U.S. government agencies Other	Ф	9,161	Ф	2,401	Ф	2,000	Ф	1	Ф	7,161	\$	2,400
Total other securities		16,953		2,609		9,792		209		7,161		2,400
REMIC and CMO		209,682		12,784		169,356		5,783		40,326		7,001
GNMA		16,214		64		16,214		64		-		-
FNMA		97,255		2,023		97,255		2,023		_		-
Total mortgage-backed securities		323,151		14,871		282,825		7,870		40,326		7,001
Total securities available for sale	\$	340,104	\$	17,480	\$	292,617	\$	8,079	\$	47,487	\$	9,401

Loans

Loans are reported at their outstanding principal balance net of any unearned income, charge-offs, deferred loan fees and costs on originated loans and unamortized premiums or discounts on purchased loans. Interest on loans is recognized on the accrual basis. The accrual of income on loans is generally discontinued when certain factors, such as contractual delinquency of 90 days or more, indicate reasonable doubt as to the timely collectability of such income. Uncollected interest previously recognized on non-accrual loans is reversed from interest income at the time the loan is placed on non-accrual status. A non-accrual loan can be returned to accrual status when contractual delinquency returns to less than 90 days delinquent. Subsequent cash payments received on non-accrual loans that do not bring the loan to less than 90 days delinquent are recorded on a cash basis. Subsequent cash payments can also be applied first as a reduction of principal until all principal is recovered and then subsequently to interest, if in management's opinion, it is evident that recovery of all principal due is unlikely to occur. Net loan origination costs and premiums or discounts on loans purchased are amortized into interest income over the contractual life of the loans using the level-yield method. Prepayment penalties received on loans which pay in full prior to their scheduled maturity are included in interest income in the period they are collected.

The Company maintains an allowance for loan losses at an amount, which, in management's judgment, is adequate to absorb probable estimated losses inherent in the loan portfolio. Management's judgment in determining the adequacy of the allowance is based on evaluations of the collectability of loans. This evaluation is inherently subjective, as it requires estimates that are susceptible to significant revisions as more information becomes available. In assessing the adequacy of the Company's allowance for loan losses, management considers various factors such as, the current fair value of collateral for collateral dependent loans, the Company's historical loss experience, recent trends in losses, collection policies and collection experience, trends in the volume of non-performing and classified loans, changes in the composition and volume of the gross loan portfolio and local and national economic conditions. The Company's Board of Directors (the "Board of Directors") reviews and approves management's evaluation of the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses on a quarterly basis.

The allowance for loan losses is established through charges to earnings in the form of a provision for loan losses. Increases and decreases in the allowance other than charge-offs and recoveries are included in the provision for loan losses. When a loan or a portion of a loan is determined to be uncollectible, the portion deemed uncollectible is charged against the allowance, and subsequent recoveries, if any, are credited to the allowance.

The Company recognizes a loan as non-performing when the borrower has indicated the inability to bring the loan current, or due to other circumstances which, in our opinion, indicate the borrower will be unable to bring the loan current within a reasonable time, or if the collateral value is deemed to have been impaired. All loans classified as non-performing, which includes all loans past due 90 days or more, are classified as non-accrual unless there is, in our opinion, compelling evidence the borrower will bring the loan current in the immediate future. Appraisals and/or updated internal evaluations are obtained as soon as practical, and before the loan becomes 90 days delinquent. The loan balances of collateral dependant impaired loans are compared to the loan's updated fair value. The balance which exceeds fair value is charged-off. Management reviews the allowance for loan losses on a quarterly basis, and records as a provision the amount deemed appropriate, after considering current year charge-offs, charge-off trends, new loan production, current balance by particular loan categories and delinquent loans by particular loan categories.

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

A loan is considered impaired when, based upon the most current information, the Company believes it is probable that it will be unable to collect all amounts due, both principal and interest, according to the contractual terms of the loan. Impaired loans are measured based on the present value of the expected future cash flows discounted at the loan's effective interest rate or at the loan's observable market price or the fair value of the collateral if the loan is collateral dependent. Interest income on impaired loans is recorded on a cash basis. The Company's management considers all non-accrual loans impaired.

The Company reviews each impaired loan to determine if a charge-off is to be recorded or if a valuation allowance is to be allocated to the loan. The Company does not allocate a valuation allowance to loans for which we have concluded the current value of the underlying collateral will allow for recovery of the loan balance either through the sale of the loan or by foreclosure and sale of the property.

The Company uses multiple valuation approaches in evaluating the underlying collateral. These include obtaining a third party appraisal, an income approach and a sales approach. When obtained, third party appraisals are given the most weight. The income approach is used for income producing properties, and uses current revenues less operating expenses to determine the net cash flow of the property. Once the net cash flow is determined, the value of the property is calculated using an appropriate capitalization rate for the property. The sales approach uses comparable sales prices in the market. When we do not obtain third party appraisals, we place greater reliance on the income approach to value the collateral.

In preparing internal evaluations of property values, the Company seeks to obtain current data on the subject property from various sources, including: (1) the borrower; (2) copies of existing leases; (3) local real estate brokers and appraisers; (4) public records (such as for real estate taxes and water and sewer charges); (5) comparable sales and rental data in the market; (6) an inspection of the property and (7) interviews with tenants. These internal evaluations primarily focus on the income approach and comparable sales data to value the property.

As of June 30, 2011, the Company utilized recent third party appraisals of the collateral to measure impairment for \$88.5 million, or 60.0%, of collateral dependent impaired loans, and used internal evaluations of the property's value for \$59.1 million, or 40.0%, of collateral dependent impaired loans.

The following table shows net loan charge-offs (recoveries) for the periods indicated:

	F	or the three	mont	hs ended	For the six n	nonth	s ended
	June 30,			June 30,	June 30,		June 30,
(In thousands)		2011		2010	2011		2010
Multi-family residential	\$	879	\$	1,142	\$ 1,796	\$	2,234
Commercial real estate		572		192	2,522		332
One-to-four family – mixed-use property		307		465	480		825
One-to-four family – residential		454		25	1,928		94
Construction		703		-	703		862
Small Business Administration		148		(38)	471		252
Commercial business and other		9		336	441		(185)
Total net loan charge-offs	\$	3,072	\$	2,122	\$ 8,341	\$	4,414

The Company may restructure a loan to enable a borrower to continue making payments when it is deemed to be in our best long-term interest. This restructure may include reducing the interest rate or amount of the monthly payment for a specified period of time, after which the interest rate and repayment terms revert to the original terms of the loan. The Company classifies these loans as troubled debt restructured ("TDR").

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(Unaudited)

The Company reviews its delinquencies on a loan by loan basis and continually explores ways to help borrowers meet their obligations and return them back to current status. Management takes a proactive approach to managing delinquent loans, including conducting site examinations and encouraging borrowers to meet with a Bank representative. We have been developing short-term payment plans that enable certain borrowers to bring their loans current. In addition, we have restructured certain problem loans by either: reducing the interest rate until the next reset date, extending the amortization period thereby lowering the monthly payments, deferring a portion of the interest payment, or changing the loan to interest only payments for a limited time period. At times, certain problem loans have been restructured by combining more than one of these options. These restructurings have not included a reduction of principal balance. We believe that restructuring these loans in this manner will allow certain borrowers to become and remain current on their loans. These restructured loans are classified as TDR. Loans which have been current for six consecutive months at the time they are restructured as TDR are placed on non-accrual status until they have made timely payments for six consecutive months. Loans that are restructured as TDR but are not performing in accordance with the restructured terms are excluded from the TDR table below, as they are placed on non-accrual status and reported as non-performing loans.

June 30,

2011

6,727

108,940

110,045

3,419

108,655

112,092

December 31,

2010

The following table shows loans classified as TDR that are performing according to their restructured terms at the periods indicated:

(In thousands)
Accrual Status:

Commercial business and other

Total non-performing loans

Total

Accidal Status.			
Multi-family residential	\$ 9,711	\$	11,242
Commercial real estate	2,430		2,448
One-to-four family - mixed-use property	800		206
Construction	23,431		-
Commercial business and other	2,000		-
Total performing troubled debt restructured	\$ 38,372	\$	13,896
The following table shows non-performing loans at the periods indicated:			
	June 30,	Dece	mber 31,
(In thousands)	2011	2	2010
Loans 90 days or more past due and still accruing:			
Multi-family residential	\$ -	\$	103
Commercial real estate	330		3,328
Construction	775		-
Commercial business and other	-		6
Total	1,105		3,437
Non-accrual loans:			
Multi-family residential	35,540		35,633
Commercial real estate	23,918		22,806
One-to-four family - mixed-use property	28,968		30,478
One-to-four family - residential	10,186		10,695
Co-operative apartments	133		-
Construction	2,665		4,465
Small business administration	803		1,159

The interest foregone on non-accrual loans and loans classified as TDR totaled \$2.3 million and \$1.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. The interest foregone on non-accrual loans and loans classified as TDR totaled \$4.9 million and \$4.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

The following table shows an age analysis of our recorded investment in loans at June 30, 2011:

(in thousands)	- 59 Days ast Due) - 89 Days Past Due	Greater than 90 Days	-	Total Past Due	Current	Т	otal Loans
Multi-family residential	\$ 26,720	\$ 2,129	\$ 34,869	\$	63,718	\$ 1,242,305	\$	1,306,023
Commercial real estate	9,144	1,993	23,918		35,055	590,281		625,336
One-to-four family - mixed-use property	23,052	2,195	28,969		54,216	660,517		714,733
One-to-four family - residential	3,525	887	10,185		14,597	209,722		224,319
Co-operative apartments	19	-	133		152	5,785		5,937
Construction loans	2,494	5,245	2,665		10,404	49,891		60,295
Small Business Administration	57	148	598		803	14,066		14,869
Taxi medallion	-	-	-		-	71,763		71,763
Commercial business and other	37	1	6,727		6,765	185,549		192,314
Total	\$ 65,048	\$ 12,598	\$ 108,064	\$	185,710	\$ 3,029,879	\$	3,215,589

The following table shows an age analysis of our recorded investment in loans at December 31, 2010:

(in thousands)	- 59 Days ast Due	60 - 89 Days Past Due			Greater than 90 Days (in thou	Total Past Due thousands)			Current	Т	otal Loans
Multi-family residential	\$ 30,799	\$	7,014	\$	35,736	\$	73,549	\$	1,178,627	\$	1,252,176
Commercial real estate	17,167		2,181		26,134		45,482		617,312		662,794
One-to-four family - mixed-use property	19,596		6,376		30,478		56,450		672,360		728,810
One-to-four family - residential	4,826		1,046		10,695		16,567		224,809		241,376
Co-operative apartments	133		-		-		133		6,082		6,215
Construction loans	2,900		5,485		4,465		12,850		62,669		75,519
Small Business Administration	418		991		1,159		2,568		14,943		17,511
Taxi medallion	-		-		-		-		88,264		88,264
Commercial business and other	4,534		3		3,425		7,962		179,199		187,161
Total	\$ 80,373	\$	23,096	\$	112,092	\$	215,561	\$	3,044,265	\$	3,259,826

The following table shows the changes in the allowance for loan losses for the periods indicated:

	 For the si ended J	
(In thousands)	 2011	2010
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 27,699	\$ 20,324
Provision for loan losses	10,000	10,000
Charge-off's	(8,559)	(5,201)
Recoveries	218	787
Balance, end of period	\$ 29,358	\$ 25,910

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

The following table shows the activity in the allowance for loan losses for the six months ended June 30, 2011:

	Mı	ılti-family	Co		One-to-f family mixed-u	- (One-to-four family -	Co	-operative	Co	nstruction	Small Business	3		Commercial business and	
(in thousands)		sidential		al estate	proper		residential		partments		loans	Administration			other	Total
Allowance for credit losses:																
Beginning balance	\$	9,007	\$	4,905	\$ 5,	997 3	\$ 938	\$	17	\$	589	\$ 1,303	\$	639	\$ 4,304 \$	27,699
Charge-off's		(1,817)		(2,522)	(:	588)	(1,991))	-		(703)	(488	3)	-	(450)	(8,559)
Recoveries		21		-		108	63		-		-	17	1	-	9	218
Provision		2,142		2,925	(1,	049)	2,746		10		1,193	637	1	(582)	1,978	10,000
Ending balance	\$	9,353	\$	5,308	\$ 4,	468 3	\$ 1,756	\$	27	\$	1,079	\$ 1,469	\$	57 5	\$ 5,841 \$	29,358
Ending balance: individually evaluated for impairment	t \$	91	\$	162	\$	34 5	\$ -	\$	-	\$	303	\$ 553	\$	- 5	\$ 3,082 \$	4,225
Ending balance: collectively evaluated for impairment	\$	9,262	\$	5,146	\$ 4,	434 5	\$ 1,756	\$	27	\$	776	\$ 916	\$	57 5	\$ 2,759 \$	25,133
Financing Recevables:																
Ending balance	\$	1,242,305	\$	590,281	\$ 660,	517	\$ 209,722	\$	5,785	\$	49,891	\$ 14,066	; \$	71,763	\$ 185,549 \$	3,029,879
Ending balance: individually evaluated for impairment	t \$	32,469	\$	17,132	\$ 16,	376	\$ 2,682	\$	-	\$	23,430	\$ 1,106	5 \$	6,132	\$ 2,000 \$	101,827
Ending balance: collectively evaluated for impairment	\$	1,209,836	\$	573,149	\$ 643,	541 5	\$ 207,040	\$	5,785	\$	26,461	\$ 12,960) \$	65,631	\$ 183,549 \$	2,928,052

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

The following table shows our recorded investment, unpaid principal balance and allocated allowance for loan losses, average recorded investment and interest income recognized for loans that were considered impaired at or for the six month period ended June 30, 2011:

	Recorded Princ			Unpaid Principal Balance	cipal Related		Re	verage corded estment	In	terest come ognized
With no related allowance recorded:	(Dollars in thousand									
Mortgage loans:										
Multi-family residential	\$	38,721	\$	44,445	\$	_	\$	37,792	\$	113
Commercial real estate		38,577		43,685		_		33,915		426
One-to-four family mixed-use property		30,953		33,235		_		31,451		48
One-to-four family residential		10,483		12,613		-		10,190		13
Co-operative apartments		133		133		_		67		_
Construction		11,179		11,179		-		10,795		138
Non-mortgage loans:						_				
Small Business Administration		-		-		-		-		-
Taxi Medallion		-		-		-		-		-
Commercial Business and other		17,329		17,566		-		17,406		342
Total loans with no related allowance recorded		147,375		162,856		-		141,616		1,080
With an allowance recorded:										
Mortgage loans:										
Multi-family residential		13,107		13,107		91		13,069		181
Commercial real estate		3,838		3,966		162		3,853		52
One-to-four family mixed-use property		2,426		2,449		34		1,985		19
One-to-four family residential		-		-		-		286		-
Co-operative apartments		-		-		-		-		-
Construction		23,430		23,430		303		23,824		469
Non-mortgage loans:										
Small Business Administration		1,106		1,106		553		1,202		9
Taxi Medallion		-		-		-		-		-
Commercial Business and other		8,133		8,797		3,082		8,092		101
Total loans with an allowance recorded		52,040		52,855		4,225		52,311		831
Total Impaired Loans:										
Total mortgage loans	\$	172,847	\$	188,242	\$	590	\$	167,227	\$	1,459
Total non-mortgage loans	\$	26,568	\$	27,469	\$	3,635	\$	26,700	\$	452

In accordance with our policy and the current regulatory guidelines, we designate loans as "Special Mention," which are considered "Criticized Loans," and "Substandard," "Doubtful," or "Loss," which are considered "Classified Loans". If a loan does not fall within one of the previous mentioned categories then the loan would be considered "Pass." We designate a loan as Substandard when a well-defined weakness is identified that jeopardizes the orderly liquidation of the debt. We designate a loan Doubtful when it displays the inherent weakness of a Substandard loan with the added provision that collection of the debt in full, on the basis of existing facts, is highly improbable. We designate a loan as Loss if it is deemed the debtor is incapable of repayment. Loans that are designated as Loss are charged to the Allowance for Loan Losses. Loans that are non-accrual are designated as Substandard, Doubtful or Loss. We designate a loan as Special Mention if the asset does not warrant classification within one of the other classifications, but does contain a potential weakness that deserves closer attention.

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

The following table sets forth the recorded investment in loans designated as Criticized or Classified at June 30, 2011:

(In thousands)	Specia	al Mention	Su	ıbstandard	I	Doubtful	Loss			Total
Multi-family residential	\$	17,763	\$	50,755	\$	-	\$		-	\$ 68,518
Commercial real estate		16,005		42,415		-			-	58,420
One-to-four family - mixed-use property		18,561		32,579		-			-	51,140
One-to-four family - residential		2,863		10,483		-			-	13,346
Co-operative apartments		-		133		-			-	133
Construction loans		2,462		34,609		-			-	37,071
Small Business Administration		320		817		288			-	1,425
Commercial business and other		3,654		24,226		1,238			-	29,118
Total loans	\$	61,628	\$	196,017	\$	1,526	\$		-	\$ 259,171

The following table sets forth the recorded investment in loans designated as Criticized or Classified at December 31, 2010:

(In thousands)	Specia	al Mention	Su	bstandard	Γ	Ooubtful	Loss	Loss		Total
Multi-family residential	\$	20,277	\$	51,626	\$	-	\$	-	\$	71,903
Commercial real estate		13,228		32,120		-		-		45,348
One-to-four family - mixed-use property		15,546		33,539		_		_		49,085
One-to-four family - residential		2,849		10,874		_		-		13,723
Co-operative apartments		-		-		-		-		-
Construction loans		5,945		30,589		-		-		36,534
Small Business Administration		558		1,432		_		-		1,990
Commercial business and other		14,302		13,628		1,238		-		29,168
Total loans	\$	72,705	\$	173,808	\$	1,238	\$	-	\$	247,751

Other Real Estate Owned

The following are changes in Other Real Estate Owned ("OREO") during the period indicated:

	J	For the six months e					
		June 30,					
		2011	2	2010			
		(In thou					
Balance at beginning of period	\$	1,588	\$	2,262			
Acquisitions		1,861		3,390			
Sales		(1,621)		(2,648)			
Balance at end of period	\$	1,828	\$	3,004			

During the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, the Company recorded gross gains from the sale of OREO in the amount of \$251,000 and \$8,000, respectively. During the three months ended June 30, 2011, the Company recorded no gross losses from the sale of OREO and in 2010, recorded losses in the amount of \$133,000. During the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, the Company recorded gross gains from the sale of OREO in the amount of \$251,000 and \$117,000, respectively. During the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, the Company recorded gross losses from the sale of OREO in the amount of \$12,000 and \$150,000, respectively. The net gains / losses on the sale of OREO are included in the Consolidated Statements of Income in Other operating expenses.

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

7. Stock-Based Compensation

For the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, the Company's net income, as reported, includes \$0.5 million and \$0.4 million, respectively, of stock-based compensation costs and \$0.2 million, respectively, of income tax benefits related to the stock-based compensation plans. For the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, the Company's net income, as reported, includes \$1.7 million and \$1.4 million, respectively, of stock-based compensation costs and \$0.6 million and \$0.5 million, respectively, of income tax benefits related to the stock-based compensation plans.

The Company estimates the fair value of stock options using the Black-Scholes valuation model. Key assumptions used to estimate the fair value of stock options include the exercise price of the award, the expected option term, the expected volatility of the Company's stock price, the risk-free interest rate over the options' expected term and the annual dividend yield. The Company uses the fair value of the common stock on the date of award to measure compensation cost for restricted stock unit awards. Compensation cost is recognized over the vesting period of the award using the straight line method. During the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, the Company granted 213,095 and 169,820 restricted stock units, respectively. There were no stock options granted during the six month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010.

The 2005 Omnibus Incentive Plan ("Omnibus Plan") became effective on May 17, 2005 after adoption by the Board of Directors and approval by the stockholders. The Omnibus Plan authorizes the Compensation Committee of the Company's Board of Directors (the "Compensation Committee") to grant a variety of equity compensation awards as well as long-term and annual cash incentive awards, all of which can be structured so as to comply with Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Internal revenue Code"). On May 17, 2011, stockholders approved an amendment to the Omnibus Plan authorizing an additional 625,000 shares for use for full value awards. These additional shares, along with shares remaining that were previously authorized by stockholders under the 1996 Restricted Stock Incentive Plan and the 1996 Stock Option Incentive Plan, are available for non-full value awards and non-full value awards under the Omnibus Plan. As of June 30, 2011, there are 720,283 shares available for full value awards and 300 shares available for non-full value awards. To satisfy stock option exercises or fund restricted stock and restricted stock unit awards, shares are issued from treasury stock, if available, otherwise new shares are issued. Grants and awards under the 1996 Restricted Stock Incentive Plan and the 1996 Stock Option Incentive Plan prior to the effective date of the Omnibus Plan remained outstanding as issued. The Company will maintain separate pools of available shares for full value as opposed to non-full value awards, except that shares can be moved from the non-full value pool to the full value pool on a 3-for-1 basis. The exercise price per share of a stock option grant may not be less than the fair market value of the common stock of the Company, as defined in the Omnibus Plan, on the date of grant, and may not be repriced without the approval of the Company's stockholders. Options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, restricted stock units and other stock based awards granted unde

Full Value Awards: The first pool is available for full value awards, such as restricted stock unit awards. The pool will be decreased by the number of shares granted as full value awards. The pool will be increased from time to time by: (1) the number of shares that are returned to or retained by the Company as a result of the cancellation, expiration, forfeiture or other termination of a full value award (under the Omnibus Plan or the 1996 Restricted Stock Incentive Plan); (2) the settlement of such an award in cash; (3) the delivery to the award holder of fewer shares than the number underlying the award, including shares which are withheld from full value awards; or (4) the surrender of shares by an award holder in payment of the exercise price or taxes with respect to a full value award. The Omnibus Plan will allow the Company to transfer shares from the non-full value pool to the full value pool to the non-full value pool.

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

The following table summarizes the Company's full value awards at or for the six months ended June 30, 2011:

Full Value Awards	Shares	Weighted-Average Grant-Date Fair Value
Non-vested at December 31, 2010	287,004	\$ 13.02
Granted	213,095	14.53
Vested	(121,129)	14.26
Forfeited	(4,084)	13.84
Non-vested at June 30, 2011	374,886	\$ 13.47
Vested but unissued at June 30, 2011	87,904	\$ 12.92

As of June 30, 2011, there was \$4.2 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested full value awards granted under the Omnibus Plan. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 3.1 years. The total fair value of awards vested for the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 were \$0.5 million and \$0.7 million, respectively. The total fair value of awards vested for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 were \$1.7 million and \$1.4 million, respectively. The vested but unissued full value awards consist of awards made to employees and directors who are eligible for retirement. According to the terms of the Omnibus Plan, these employees and directors have no risk of forfeiture. These shares will be issued at the original contractual vesting dates.

Non-Full Value Awards: The second pool is available for non-full value awards, such as stock options. The pool will be increased from time to time by the number of shares that are returned to or retained by the Company as a result of the cancellation, expiration, forfeiture or other termination of a non-full value award (under the Omnibus Plan or the 1996 Stock Option Incentive Plan). The second pool will not be replenished by shares withheld or surrendered in payment of the exercise price or taxes, retained by the Company as a result of the delivery to the award holder of fewer shares than the number underlying the award or the settlement of the award in cash.

The following table summarizes certain information regarding the non-full value awards, all of which have been granted as stock options, at or for the six months ended June 30, 2011:

Outstanding at December 31, 2010 1,247,888 14.51 Granted - - Exercised (175,570) 11.80 Forfeited (92,858) 12.94 Outstanding at June 30, 2011 979,460 \$ 15.14 4.0 \$ 578	Non-Full Value Awards	Shares	Weighted- Average Exercise Price	Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Term	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (\$ 000) *
Granted - Exercised (175,570) Forfeited (92,858) Outstanding at June 30, 2011 979,460 \$ 15.14 4.0 \$ 578	Non-run Value Awards	Shares	riice	Tellii	(\$ 000)
Forfeited (92,858) 12.94 Outstanding at June 30, 2011 979,460 \$ 15.14 4.0 \$ 578		1,247,888	\$ 14.51		
Outstanding at June 30, 2011 979,460 \$ 15.14 4.0 \$ 578	Exercised	(175,570)	11.80		
	Forfeited	(92,858)	12.94		
Exercisable shares at June 30 2011 859,500 \$ 15.49 3.5 \$ 269	Outstanding at June 30, 2011	979,460	\$ 15.14	4.0	\$ 578
	Exercisable shares at June 30 2011	859,500	\$ 15.49	3.5	\$ 269
Vested but unexercisable shares at June 30, 2011 3,600 \$ 14.58 6.8 \$ 5	Vested but unexercisable shares at June 30, 2011	3,600	\$ 14.58	6.8	\$ 5

^{*} The intrinsic value of a stock option is the difference between the market value of the underlying stock and the exercise price of the option.

As of June 30, 2011, there was \$0.3 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested non-full value awards granted under the Omnibus Plan. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.6 years. The vested but unexercisable non-full value awards were made to employees who are eligible for retirement. According to the terms of the Omnibus Plan, these employees have no risk of forfeiture. These awards will be exercisable at the original contractual vesting dates.

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

Cash proceeds, fair value received, tax benefits, and intrinsic value related to stock options exercised and the weighted average grant date fair value for options granted, during the six months ended June 30, 2011 are provided in the following table:

	For the	three:	hs ended	For the six months ended June 30,				
(In thousands)	2011		2010	 2011	2010			
Proceeds from stock options exercised	\$ 1	,492	\$ 233	\$ 2,016	\$	233		
Fair value of shares received upon exercised of stock options		54	370	54		370		
Tax benefit (expense) related to stock options exercised		247	15	183		15		
Intrinsic value of stock options exercised		340	156	419		156		
Grant date fair value at weighted average		n/a	n/a	n/a		n/a		

Phantom Stock Plan: the Company maintains a non-qualified phantom stock plan as a supplement to its profit sharing plan for officers who have achieved the level of Senior Vice President and above and completed one year of service. However, officers who had achieved at least the level of Vice President and completed one year of service prior to January 1, 2009 remain eligible to participate in the phantom stock plan. Awards are made under this plan on certain compensation not eligible for awards made under the profit sharing plan, due to the terms of the profit sharing plan and the Internal Revenue Code. Employees receive awards under this plan proportionate to the amount they would have received under the profit sharing plan, but for limits imposed by the profit sharing plan and the Internal Revenue Code. The awards are made as cash awards, and then converted to common stock equivalents (phantom shares) at the then current market value of the Company's common stock. Dividends are credited to each employee's account in the form of additional phantom shares each time the Company pays a dividend on its common stock. In the event of a change of control (as defined in this plan), an employee's interest is converted to a fixed dollar amount and deemed to be invested in the same manner as his interest in the Savings Bank's non-qualified deferred compensation plan. Employees vest under this plan 20% per year for 5 years. Employees also become 100% vested upon a change of control. Employees receive their vested interest in this plan in the form of a cash lump sum payment or installments, as elected by the employee, after termination of employment. The Company adjusts its liability under this plan to the fair value of the shares at the end of each period.

The following table summarizes the Phantom Stock Plan at or for the six months ended June 30, 2011:

Phantom Stock Plan	antom Stock Plan Shares							
Outstanding at December 31, 2010	30,970	\$	14.00					
Granted	7,647		14.22					
Forfeited	<u>-</u>		-					
Distributions	(111)		14.62					
Outstanding at June 30, 2011	38,506	\$	13.00					
Vested at June 30, 2011	37,988	\$	13.00					

The Company recorded stock-based compensation expense (benefit) for the Phantom Stock Plan of \$67,000 and \$(9,000) for the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. The total fair value of the distributions from the Phantom Stock Plan was \$1,000 and \$2,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

For the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, the Company recorded stock-based compensation expense (benefit) for the Phantom Stock Plan of \$(30,000) and \$33,000, respectively. The total fair value of the distributions from the Phantom Stock Plan during the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 were \$2,000 and \$4,000, respectively.

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

8. Pension and Other Postretirement Benefit Plans

The following table sets forth information regarding the components of net expense for the pension and other postretirement benefit plans.

	_	Three mor		ended		Six mont		led
(In thousands)		2011		2010		2011		2010
Employee Pension Plan:	Ф	246	ф	220	ф	402	Ф	470
Interest cost	\$		\$	239	\$	492	\$	478
Amortization of unrecognized loss		153		91		306		182
Expected return on plan assets		(308)		(312)		(616)		(624)
Net employee pension expense	<u>\$</u>	91	\$	18	\$	182	\$	36
Outside Director Pension Plan:								
Service cost	\$	17	\$	16		34	\$	32
Interest cost	Ф	31	Ф	33		62	Ф	66
Amortization of unrecognized gain		(13)		(14)		(26)		(28)
Amortization of past service liability		10		10		20		20
Net outside director pension expense	<u>\$</u>	45	\$	45	\$	90	\$	90
Other Postretirement Benefit Plans:								
Service cost	\$	78	\$	68		156	\$	136
Interest cost		52		52		104		104
Amortization of unrecognized loss		-		2		-		4
Amortization of past service credit		(21)		(21)		(42)		(42)
Net other postretirement expense	\$	109	\$	101	\$	218	\$	202

The Company previously disclosed in its Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2010 that it expects to contribute \$0.2 million to each of the Company's Employee Pension Plan (the "Employee Pension Plan") and the Outside Director Pension Plan (the "Outside Director Pension Plan") and \$0.1 million to the other post retirement benefit plans (the "Other Postretirement Benefit Plans") during the year ending December 31, 2011. As of June 30, 2011, the Company has contributed \$117,000 to the Employee Pension Plan, \$44,000 to the Outside Director Pension Plan and \$25,000 to the Other Postretirement Benefit Plans. As of June 30, 2011, the Company has not revised its expected contributions for the year ending December 31, 2011.

9. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company carries certain financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value in accordance with ASC Topic 825, "Financial Instruments" ("ASC Topic 825"), and values those financial assets and financial liabilities in accordance with ASC Topic 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures" ("ASC Topic 820"). ASC Topic 820 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. ASC Topic 825 permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. At June 30, 2011, the Company carried financial assets and financial liabilities under the fair value option with fair values of \$73.0 million and \$30.7 million, respectively. At December 31, 2010, the Company carried financial assets and financial liabilities under the fair value option with fair values of \$73.0 million, respectively. The Company elected to measure at fair value securities with a cost of \$10.0 million that were purchased during the six months ended June 30, 2010, the Company did not elect to carry any additional financial assets or financial liabilities under the fair value option.

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

The following table presents the financial assets and financial liabilities reported at fair value under the fair value option, and the changes in fair value included in the Consolidated Statement of Income – Net gain from fair value adjustments, at or for the periods ended as indicated:

		r Value surements	_	air Value easurements		U				easured at F r Value Opt		ie
	at J	at June 30, at December 31,				Three Mon	ths End	led		Six Mont	hs Ende	ed
(Dollars in thousands)	2011			2010	June	30, 2011	June	30, 2010	June	30, 2011	June	30, 2010
Mortgage-backed securities	\$	44,071	\$	51,475	\$	207	\$	616	\$	(395)	\$	1,185
Other securities		31,005		21,574		(260)		(60)		(769)		124
Borrowed funds		30,702		32,227		1,096		2,067		1,521		2,929
Net gain from fair value adjustments (1) (2)					\$	1,043	\$	2,623	\$	357	\$	4,238

- (1) The net gain from fair value adjustments presented in the above table does not include net losses of \$1.2 million and \$2.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, from the change in the fair value of interest rate caps.
- (2) The net gain from fair value adjustments presented in the above table does not include net losses of \$1.2 million and \$4.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, from the change in the fair value of interest rate caps.

Included in the fair value of the financial assets and financial liabilities selected for the fair value option is the accrued interest receivable or payable for the related instrument. One pooled trust preferred security is over 90 days past due and the Company has stopped accruing interest. The Company continues to accrue on the remaining financial instruments and reports as interest income or interest expense in the Consolidated Statement of Income the interest receivable or payable on the financial instruments selected for the fair value option at their respective contractual rates

The borrowed funds had a contractual principal amount of \$61.9 million at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010. The fair value of borrowed funds includes accrued interest payable of \$0.4 million at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010.

The Company generally holds its earning assets, other than securities available for sale, to maturity and settles its liabilities at maturity. However, fair value estimates are made at a specific point in time and are based on relevant market information. These estimates do not reflect any premium or discount that could result from offering for sale at one time the Company's entire holdings of a particular instrument. Accordingly, as assumptions change, such as interest rates and prepayments, fair value estimates change and these amounts may not necessarily be realized in an immediate sale.

Disclosure of fair value does not require fair value information for items that do not meet the definition of a financial instrument or certain other financial instruments specifically excluded from its requirements. These items include core deposit intangibles and other customer relationships, premises and equipment, leases, income taxes, foreclosed properties and equity.

Further, fair value disclosure does not attempt to value future income or business. These items may be material and accordingly, the fair value information presented does not purport to represent, nor should it be construed to represent, the underlying "market" or franchise value of the Company.

Financial assets and financial liabilities reported at fair value are required to be measured based on either: (1) quoted prices in active markets for identical financial instruments (Level 1); (2) significant other observable inputs (Level 2); or (3) significant unobservable inputs (Level 3).

A description of the methods and significant assumptions utilized in estimating the fair value of the Company's assets and liabilities that are carried at fair value on a recurring basis are as follows:

Level 1 – where quoted market prices are available in an active market. At June 30, 2011, Level 1 includes loans available for sale. The Company did not value any of its assets or liabilities that are carried at fair value on a recurring basis as Level 1 at December 31, 2010.

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

Level 2 – when quoted market prices are not available, fair value is estimated using quoted market prices for similar financial instruments and adjusted for differences between the quoted instrument and the instrument being valued. Fair value can also be estimated by using pricing models, or discounted cash flows. Pricing models primarily use market-based or independently sourced market parameters as inputs, including, but not limited to, yield curves, interest rates, equity or debt prices, and credit spreads. In addition to observable market information, models also incorporate maturity and cash flow assumptions. At June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, Level 2 includes mortgage related securities, corporate debt and interest rate caps.

Level 3 – when there is limited activity or less transparency around inputs to the valuation, financial instruments are classified as Level 3. At June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, Level 3 includes trust preferred securities owned by and junior subordinated debentures issued by the Company.

The methods described above may produce fair values that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. While the Company believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with those of other market participants, the use of different methodologies, assumptions and models to determine fair value of certain financial instruments could produce different estimates of fair value at the reporting date.

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The following table sets forth the assets and liabilities that are carried at fair value on a recurring basis, classified within Level 3 of the valuation hierarchy for the period indicated:

		TOT THE SIX	t monuis che	icu
		June	30, 2011	
	Trus	t preferred	Junior sub	ordinated
	se	curities	debent	tures
		(In th	ousands)	
Beginning balance	\$	10,144	\$	32,226
Transfer into Level 3		-		-
Net loss from fair value adjustment of financial assets		(954)		_
Net gain from fair value adjustment of financial liabilities		-		(1,520)
Decrease in accrued interest		-		(4)
Change in unrealized losses included in other comprehensive income		(1,654)		_
Ending balance	\$	7,536	\$	30,702

The following table sets forth the assets and liabilities that are carried at fair value on a recurring basis, and the method that was used to determine their fair value, at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)				Signific Observal	puts		Significa Unobserva (Lev				Total carried	
	ine 30, 2011		cember 31, 2010		June 30, 2011	 cember 31, 2010	_	une 30, 2011	/	ember 31, 2010	_	June 30, 2011	 cember 31, 2010
Assets:						(in thou	sand	s)					
Loans available for sale Mortgage-backed Securities	\$ 4,139	\$	-	\$	- 798,999	\$ 754,077	\$		\$	-	\$	4,139 798,999	\$ - 754,077
Other securities	-		-		47,284	39,968		7,536		10,144		54,820	50,112
Interest rate caps	-		-		1,332	2,509		-		-		1,332	2,509
Total assets	\$ 4,139	\$		\$	847,615	\$ 796,554	\$	7,536	\$	10,144	\$	859,290	\$ 806,698
Liabilities:													
Borrowings	\$ -	\$		\$	-	\$ -	\$	30,702	\$	32,227	\$	30,702	\$ 32,227
Total liabilities	\$ -	\$		\$	-	\$ -	\$	30,702	\$	32,227	\$	30,702	\$ 32,227

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

The following table sets forth the Company's assets that are carried at fair value on a non-recurring basis, and the method that was used to determine their fair value, at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

		Quot	ed Pr	rices															
		in Active Markets					Signifi	cant	Oth	er		Significa	ant Ot	her					
	f	for Identical Assets				Observable Inputs						Unobserva	able Ir	iputs	,	Total carried	r value		
		(Level 1)					(Level 2)					(Lev	/el 3)		on a non-recurring basis				
	Jun	e 30,		December 31,			June 30,			ember 31,		June 30,	, December 31,			June 30,	Dec	ember 31,	
	20)11		2010			2011		2010		_	2011		2010		2011		2010	
							(in thousands)												
Assets:																			
Impaired loans	\$		- \$	5	-	\$	-		\$	-	\$	55,839	\$	51,615	\$	55,839	\$	51,615	
Other Real estate owned		-					_			-		1,828		1,588		1,828		1,588	
Total assets	\$		- \$	S	-	\$	-		\$	-	\$	57,667	\$	53,203	\$	57,667	\$	53,203	

The Company did not have any liabilities that were carried at fair value on a non-recurring basis at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010.

The estimated fair value of each material class of financial instruments at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 and the related methods and assumptions used to estimate fair value are as follows:

Cash and Due from Banks, Overnight Interest-Earning Deposits and Federal Funds Sold, FHLB-NY stock, Bank Owned Life Insurance, Interest and Dividends Receivable, Mortgagors' Escrow Deposits and Other Liabilities:

The carrying amounts are a reasonable estimate of fair value.

Securities Available for Sale:

Securities available for sale are carried at fair value in the Consolidated Financial Statements. Fair value is based upon quoted market prices (Level 1 input), where available. If a quoted market price is not available, fair value is estimated using quoted market prices for similar securities and adjusted for differences between the quoted instrument and the instrument being valued (Level 2 input). When there is limited activity or less transparency around inputs to the valuation, securities are classified as (Level 3 input).

Loans Available for Sale:

Loans available for sale are carried at fair value in the Consolidated Financial Statements. Fair value is based upon quoted market prices (Level 1 input).

Loans

The estimated fair value of loans, with carrying amounts of \$3,231.2 million and \$3,276.3 million at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively, was \$3,352.0 million and \$3,359.8 million at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively.

Fair value is estimated by discounting the expected future cash flows using the current rates at which similar loans would be made to borrowers with similar credit ratings and remaining maturities (Level 2 input).

For non-accruing loans, fair value is generally estimated by discounting management's estimate of future cash flows with a discount rate commensurate with the risk associated with such assets (Level 2 input).

Due to Depositors:

The estimated fair value of due to depositors, with carrying amounts of \$3,089.1 million and \$3,163.3 million at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively, was \$3,111.2 million and \$3,212.6 million at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively.

The fair values of demand, passbook savings, NOW and money market deposits are, by definition, equal to the amount payable on demand at the reporting dates (i.e. their carrying value). The fair value of fixed-maturity certificates of deposits are estimated by discounting the expected future cash flows using the rates currently offered for deposits of similar remaining maturities (Level 2 input).

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

Borrowings:

The estimated fair value of borrowings, with carrying amounts of \$762.7 million and \$708.7 million at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively, was \$718.5 million and \$736.4 million at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively.

The fair value of borrowings is estimated by discounting the contractual cash flows using interest rates in effect for borrowings with similar maturities and collateral requirements (Level 2 input) or using a market-standard model (Level 3 input).

Interest Rate Caps:

The estimated fair value of interest rate caps at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 was \$1.3 million and \$2.5 million, respectively. The Company has not designated the interest rate cap agreements as hedges as defined under the Derivatives and Hedging Topic of the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") ASC. Interest rate caps are carried at fair value in the Consolidated Financial Statements in "Other assets" and changes in their fair value are recorded through earnings in the Consolidated Statements of Income - Net gain (loss) from fair value adjustments. The Company purchased interest rate caps during 2009 with a notional amount of \$100.0 million. The Company uses interest rate caps to manage its exposure to rising interest rates on its financial liabilities without stated maturities. Fair value for interest rate caps is based upon broker quotes (Level 2 input). The Company recorded net losses of \$1.2 million and \$2.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, from the change in the fair value of interest rate caps and net losses of \$1.2 million and \$4.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, from the change in the fair value of interest rate caps.

Other Real Estate Owned:

OREO are carried at the lower of cost or fair value. The fair value is based on appraised value through a current appraisal, or sometimes through an internal review, additionally adjusted by the estimated costs to sell the property (Level 3 input).

Other Financial Instruments:

The fair values of commitments to sell, lend or borrow are estimated using the fees currently charged or paid to enter into similar agreements, taking into account the remaining terms of the agreements and the present creditworthiness of the counterparties or on the estimated cost to terminate them or otherwise settle with the counterparties at the reporting date. For fixed-rate loan commitments to sell, lend or borrow, fair values also consider the difference between current levels of interest rates and committed rates (where applicable).

At June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, the fair values of the above financial instruments approximate the recorded amounts of the related fees and were not considered to be material.

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

10. Income Taxes

Flushing Financial Corporation files consolidated Federal and combined New York State and New York City income tax returns with its subsidiaries, with the exception of Flushing Financial Capital Trust II, Flushing Financial Capital Trust IV, which file separate Federal income tax returns as trusts, and Flushing Preferred Funding Corporation, which files a separate Federal and New York State income tax return as a real estate investment trust.

Income tax provisions are summarized as follows:

	For the Three months ended June 30,			For the Six months ended June 30,				
(In thousands)		2011		2010 2011		2011	2010	
Federal:								
Current	\$	5,040	\$	3,970	\$	8,866	\$	9,112
Deferred		(476)		(219)		(390)		(1,412)
Total federal tax provision		4,564		3,751		8,476		7,700
State and Local:								
Current		1,645		1,038		2,752		2,465
Deferred		(218)		86		(179)		(129)
Total state and local tax provision		1,427		1,124		2,573		2,336
Total income tax provision	\$	5,991	\$	4,875	\$	11,049	\$	10,036

The income tax provision in the Consolidated Statements of Income has been provided at effective rates of 39.8% and 38.9% for the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, and 39.4% and 39.1% for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

The effective rates differ from the statutory federal income tax rate as follows:

	For the three months ended June 30,					For the six months ended June 30,					
(dollars in thousands)	2011		2010			2011		2010			
Taxes at federal statutory rate	\$	5,273	35.0% \$	4,392	35.0% \$	9,827	35.0%	8,993	35.0%		
Increase (reduction) in taxes resulting from:											
State and local income tax, net of Federal income											
tax benefit		927	6.2	730	5.8	1,672	6.0	1,518	5.9		
Other		(209)	(1.4)	(247)	(1.9)	(450)	(1.6)	(475)	(1.8)		
Taxes at effective rate	\$	5,991	39.8% \$	4,875	38.9% \$	11,049	39.4% \$	10,036	39.1%		

The Company has recorded a deferred tax asset of \$31.8 million at June 30, 2011, which is included in "Other assets" in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition. This represents the anticipated net federal, state and local tax benefits expected to be realized in future years upon the utilization of the underlying tax attributes comprising this balance. The Company has reported taxable income for federal, state, and local tax purposes in each of the past three fiscal years. In management's opinion, in view of the Company's previous, current and projected future earnings trend, the probability that some of the Company's \$20.7 million deferred tax liability can be used to offset a portion of the deferred tax asset, as well as certain tax planning strategies, it is more likely than not that the deferred tax asset will be fully realized. Accordingly, no valuation allowance was deemed necessary for the deferred tax asset at June 30, 2011.

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

11. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss):

The components of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 and the changes during the period are as follows:

	June 30, Comprehens: 2011 Income (los (In thousands)		mprehensive come (loss)	December 31, 2010		
Net unrealized (loss) gain on securities available for sale	\$	1,865	\$	962	\$	903
Net actuarial loss on pension plans and other postretirement benefits		(4,867)		155		(5,022)
Prior service cost on pension plans and other postretirement benefits		362		(13)		375
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	\$	(2,640)	\$	1,104	\$	(3,744)

12. Regulatory

On July 21, 2011, under provisions of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, the Savings Bank's primary regulator, the Office of Thrift Supervision ("OTS"), was merged into the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency ("OCC"), and the Holding Company's primary regulator, which had been the OTS, became the Federal Reserve. The OCC, on July 21, 2011, issued an Interim Final Rule containing the regulations issued by the OTS that the OCC has authority to promulgate and enforce as of July 21, 2011. This Interim Final Rule was effective as of July 21, 2011. The Savings Bank and the Holding Company will continue to file regulatory reports through the end of 2011 in accordance with the requirements that existed under the OTS. Beginning with the quarter ended March 31, 2012, the Savings Bank and the Holding Company will file regulatory reports in accordance with the requirements of the OCC and the Federal Reserve, respectively. Under the regulations of the OTS, the Holding Company was not required to meet capital requirements. Under the regulations of the Federal Reserve, the Holding Company will be required to meet capital requirements similar to that of the Savings Bank. If the Holding Company had been subject to the capital requirements that applied to the Savings Bank, its capital ratios would have been slightly higher than those of the Savings Bank, and it would have been considered "well-capitalized" under regulatory requirements.

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

Under current regulatory capital requirements, the Savings Bank is required to comply with each of three separate capital adequacy standards. At June 30, 2011, the Savings Bank exceeded each of the three capital requirements and is categorized as "well-capitalized" under the prompt corrective action regulations. Set forth below is a summary of the Savings Bank's compliance:

(Dollars in thousands)	Amount		Percent of Assets		
Core Capital:					
Capital level	\$	403,607	9.37%		
Well capitalized		215,306	5.00		
Excess		188,301	4.37		
Tier 1 Risk-Based Capital:					
Capital level	\$	403,607	13.58%		
Well capitalized		178,387	6.00		
Excess		225,220	7.58		
Risk-Based Capital:					
Capital level	\$	432,359	14.54%		
Well capitalized		297,311	10.00		
Excess		135,048	4.54		

13. New Authoritative Accounting Pronouncements

In January 2010, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2010-06, which amends the authoritative accounting guidance under ASC Topic 820. The update requires the following additional disclosures: (1) separately disclose the amounts of significant transfers in and out of Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements and describe the reasons for the transfers and (2) separately disclose information about purchases, sales, issuances and settlements in the reconciliation for fair value measurements using Level 3. The update provides for amendments to existing disclosures as follows: (1) fair value measurement disclosures are to be made for each class of assets and liabilities and (2) disclosures are to be made about valuation techniques and inputs used to measure fair value for both recurring and nonrecurring fair value measurements. The update also includes conforming amendments to guidance on employers' disclosures about postretirement benefit plan assets. The update is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2009, except for the disclosures about purchases, sales, issuances and settlements in the roll forward of activity in Level 3 fair value measurements. Those disclosures are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2010, and for interim periods within those fiscal years. Adoption of this update did not have a material effect on the Company's results of operations or financial condition.

In February 2010, the FASB issued ASU No. 2010-09, which amends the authoritative accounting guidance under ASC Topic 855 " Subsequent Events". The update provides that an SEC filer is required to evaluate subsequent events through the date financial statements are issued. However, an SEC filer is not required to disclose the date through which subsequent events have been evaluated. The update was effective as of the date of issuance. Adoption of this update did not have a material effect on the Company's results of operations or financial condition.

In July 2010, the FASB issued ASU No. 2010-20, which amends the authoritative accounting guidance under ASC Topic 310 "Receivables." The update is to provide financial statement users with greater transparency about an entity's allowance for credit losses and the credit quality of its financing receivables. The update requires disclosures that facilitate financial statement users' evaluation of the following: (1) the nature of credit risk inherent in the entity's portfolio of financing receivables; (2) how that risk is analyzed and assessed in arriving at the allowance for credit losses and (3) the changes and reasons for those changes in the allowance for credit losses. An entity is required to provide disclosures on a disaggregated basis by portfolio segment and class of financing receivables. This update requires the expansion of currently required disclosures about financing receivables as well as requiring additional disclosures about financing receivables. The disclosures about activity that occurs during a reporting period are effective for interim and annual reporting periods ending on or after December 15, 2010. The disclosures about activity that occurs during a reporting period are effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning on or after December 15, 2010. See Note 5 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements "Loans."

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

In January 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-01, which temporarily delays the effective date of the required disclosures about troubled debt restructurings contained in ASU No. 2010-20. The delay is intended to allow the FASB additional time to deliberate what constitutes a troubled debt restructuring. All other amendments contained in ASU No. 2010-20 are effective as issued. Adoption of this update did not have a material effect on the Company's results of operations or financial condition.

In April 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-02, which amends the authoritative accounting guidance under ASC Topic 310 " *Receivables* ." The update provides clarifying guidance as to what constitutes a troubled debt restructuring. The update provides clarifying guidance on a creditor's evaluation of the following: (1) how a restructuring constitutes a concession and (2) if the debtor is experiencing financial difficulties. The amendments in this update are effective for the first interim or annual period beginning on or after June 15, 2011, and should be applied retrospectively to the beginning of the annual period of adoption. In addition, disclosures about troubled debt restructurings which were delayed by the issuance of ASU No. 2011-01, are effective for interim and annual periods beginning on or after June 15, 2011. Adoption of this update is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's results of operations or financial condition.

In April 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-03, which amends the authoritative accounting guidance under ASC Topic 860 " *Transfers and Servicing*." The amendments in this update remove from the assessment of effective control (1) the criterion requiring the transferor to have the ability to repurchase or redeem the financial assets on substantially the agreed terms, even in the event of default by the transferee, and (2) the collateral maintenance implementation guidance related to that criterion. The amendments in this update are effective for the first interim or annual period beginning on or after December 15, 2011, and should be applied prospectively to transactions or modifications of existing transactions that occur on or after the effective date. Early adoption is not permitted. Adoption of this update is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's results of operations or financial condition.

In May 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-04, which amends the authoritative accounting guidance under ASC Topic 820 "Fair Value Measurement." The amendments in this update clarify how to measure and disclose fair value under ASC Topic 820. The amendments in this update are effective for the first interim or annual period beginning on or after December 15, 2011, and should be applied prospectively to transactions or modifications of existing transactions that occur on or after the effective date. Early adoption is not permitted. Adoption of this update is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's results of operations or financial condition.

In June 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-05, which amends the authoritative accounting guidance under ASC Topic 220 "Comprehensive Income". The amendments eliminate the option to present components of other comprehensive income in the statement of stockholders' equity. Instead, the new guidance requires entities to present all nonowner changes in stockholders' equity either as a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or as two separate but consecutive statements. The amendments in this update are effective for the first interim or annual period beginning on or after December 15, 2011, and must be applied retrospectively. Early adoption is permitted. Adoption of this update is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's results of operations or financial condition.

PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

ITEM 2.

This Quarterly Report should be read in conjunction with the more detailed and comprehensive disclosures included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010. In addition, please read this section in conjunction with our Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements contained herein.

As used in this Quarterly Report, the words "we," "us," "our" and the "Company" are used to refer to Flushing Financial Corporation and our consolidated subsidiaries, including Flushing Savings Bank, FSB (the "Savings Bank") and Flushing Commercial Bank (the "Commercial Bank," and together with the Savings Bank, the "Banks").

Statements contained in this Quarterly Report relating to plans, strategies, objectives, economic performance and trends, projections of results of specific activities or investments and other statements that are not descriptions of historical facts may be forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Forward-looking information is inherently subject to risks and uncertainties, and actual results could differ materially from those currently anticipated due to a number of factors, which include, but are not limited to, the factors set forth in the preceding paragraph and elsewhere in this Quarterly Report, and in other documents filed by us with the Securities and Exchange Commission from time to time, including, without limitation, our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010. Forward-looking statements may be identified by terms such as "may," "will," "should," "could," "expects," "plans," "intends," "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "predicts," "forecasts," "potential" or "continue" or similar terms or the negative of these terms. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements. We have no obligation to update these forward-looking statements.

Executive Summary

We are a Delaware corporation organized in May 1994 at the direction of the Savings Bank. The Savings Bank was organized in 1929 as a New York State chartered mutual savings bank. In 1994, the Savings Bank converted to a federally chartered mutual savings bank and changed its name from Flushing Savings Bank to Flushing Savings Bank, FSB. The Savings Bank converted from a federally chartered mutual savings bank to a federally chartered stock savings bank on November 21, 1995, at which time Flushing Financial Corporation acquired all of the stock of the Savings Bank. The primary business of Flushing Financial Corporation at this time is the operation of its wholly owned subsidiary, the Savings Bank. The Savings Bank owns four subsidiaries: Flushing Commercial Bank, Flushing Preferred Funding Corporation, Flushing Service Corporation, and FSB Properties Inc. In November 2006, the Savings Bank launched an internet branch, iGObanking.com ©. The activities of Flushing Financial Corporation stock is traded on the NASDAQ Global Select Market under the symbol "FFIC."

Our principal business is attracting retail deposits from the general public and investing those deposits together with funds generated from ongoing operations and borrowings, primarily in (1) originations and purchases of one-to-four family (focusing on mixed-use properties, which are properties that contain both residential dwelling units and commercial units), multi-family residential and, to a lesser extent, commercial real estate mortgage loans; (2) construction loans, primarily for residential properties; (3) Small Business Administration ("SBA") loans and other small business loans; (4) mortgage loan surrogates such as mortgage-backed securities; and (5) U.S. government securities, corporate fixed-income securities and other marketable securities. We also originate certain other consumer loans.

Our results of operations depend primarily on net interest income, which is the difference between the income earned on its interest-earning assets and the cost of our interest-bearing liabilities. Net interest income is the result of our interest rate margin, which is the difference between the average yield earned on interest-earning assets and the average cost of interest-bearing liabilities, adjusted for the difference in the average balance of interest-earning assets as compared to the average balance of interest-bearing liabilities. We also generate non-interest income from loan fees, service charges on deposit accounts, mortgage servicing fees, other fees, income earned on Bank Owned Life Insurance ("BOLI"), dividends on Federal Home Bank of New York ("FHLB-NY") stock and net gains and losses on sales of securities and loans. Our operating expenses consist principally of employee compensation and benefits, occupancy and equipment costs, other general and administrative expenses and income tax expense. Our results of operations also can be significantly affected by our periodic provision for loan losses and specific provision for losses on real estate owned

PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Our strategy is to continue our focus on being an institution serving consumers, businesses and governmental units in our local markets. In furtherance of this objective, we intend to:

- continue our emphasis on the origination of multi-family residential and one-to-four family mixed-use property mortgage loans;
- transition from a traditional thrift to a more 'commercial-like' banking institution;
- increase our commitment to the multi-cultural marketplace, with a particular focus on the Asian community in Queens;
- · maintain asset quality:
- manage deposit growth and maintain a low cost of funds through:
 - business banking deposits.
 - municipal deposits through government banking, and
 - new customer relationships via iGObanking.com®;
- · cross sell to lending and deposit customers;
- take advantage of market disruptions to attract talent and customers from competitors; and
- · manage interest rate risk and capital.

There can be no assurance that we will be able to effectively implement this strategy. Our strategy is subject to change by the Board of Directors.

Our investment policy, which is approved by the Board of Directors, is designed primarily to manage the interest rate sensitivity of our overall assets and liabilities, to generate a favorable return without incurring undue interest rate risk and credit risk, to complement our lending activities and to provide and maintain liquidity. In establishing our investment strategies, we consider our business and growth strategies, the economic environment, our interest rate risk exposure, our interest rate sensitivity "gap" position, the types of securities to be held, and other factors. We classify our investment securities as available for sale.

We carry a portion of our financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value and record changes in their fair value through earnings in non-interest income on our Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income. A description of the financial assets and financial liabilities that are carried at fair value through earnings can be found in Note 9 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

At June 30, 2011, total assets were \$4,323.2 million, a decrease of \$1.5 million from \$4,324.7 million at December 31, 2010. Total loans, net decreased \$46.8 million, or 1.4%, during the six months ended June 30, 2011 to \$3,201.9 million from \$3,248.6 million at December 31, 2010. Loan originations and purchases were \$177.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2011, a decrease of \$63.5 million from \$240.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010. The decline in originations was attributable to the current economic environment and the shifting of our focus to multi-family properties and deemphasizing commercial real estate and construction lending. However, loan applications in process increased to \$197.4 million compared to \$164.7 million at March 31, 2011 and \$142.2 million at December 31, 2010.

We continue to maintain conservative underwriting standards that include, among other things, a loan-to-value ratio of 75% or less and a debt coverage ratio of at least 125%. Multi-family residential, commercial real estate, and one-to-four family – mixed-use property mortgage loans originated during the second quarter of 2011 had an average loan-to-value ratio of 52.2%, 69.2% and 47.9%, respectively, and an average debt coverage ratio of 210%, 158% and 183%, respectively.

We also focus on the performance of the Savings Bank's existing loan portfolio. Non-performing loans were \$110.0 million at June 30, 2011, a decrease of \$2.0 million from \$112.1 million at December 31, 2010. Performing loans delinquent 60 to 89 days were \$12.5 million at June 30, 2011, a decrease of \$7.3 million from \$19.8 million at December 31, 2010. Performing loans delinquent 30 to 59 days were \$65.0 million at June 30, 2011, a decrease of \$8.5 million from \$73.5 million at December 31, 2010. The majority of non-performing loans are collateralized by residential income producing properties in the New York City metropolitan area that remain occupied and generate revenue. Given New York City's low vacancy rates, they have retained value and provided us with low loss content in our non-performing loans. We review the property values of impaired loans quarterly and charge-off amounts in excess of 90% of the value of the loan's collateral. Net loan charge-offs during the six months ended June 30, 2011 were 52 basis points of average loans, which continue to be below the industry average.

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Total liabilities were \$3,918.1 million at June 30, 2011, a decrease of \$16.6 million, or 0.4%, from \$3,934.7 million at December 31, 2010. During the six months ended June 30, 2011, due to depositors decreased \$74.2 million, or 2.4%, to \$3,089.1 million, as a result of a \$148.5 million decrease in core deposits partially offset by a \$74.2 million increase in certificates of deposit. Borrowed funds increased \$54.0 million during the six months ended June 30, 2011, which offset the decrease in due to depositors. Short term borrowings were obtained to replace certain deposits which have seasonal declines. These borrowings will be repaid as these seasonal deposits increase.

Net income for the six months ended June 30, 2011 was \$17.0 million, an increase of \$1.4 million, or 8.7%, compared to \$15.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010. Diluted earnings per common share were \$0.55 for the six months ended June 30, 2011, an increase of \$0.03, or 5.8%, from \$0.52 for the six months ended June 30, 2010. Return on average equity was 8.6% for both of the six month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010. Return on average assets was 0.8% for both of the six month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010.

The net interest margin increased 23 basis points to 3.61% for the six months ended June 30, 2011 from 3.38% for the six months ended June 30, 2010. The increase in the net interest margin was primarily due to a reduction of 49 basis points in the cost of interest-bearing liabilities for the six months ended June 30, 2011 from the comparable prior year period. The decrease in the cost of interest-bearing liabilities was primarily attributable to reductions in the rates paid on deposits.

We recorded a provision for loan losses of \$10.0 million during the six months ended June 30, 2011, which was the same as recorded during the six months ended June 30, 2010. The provision was deemed necessary as a result of the regular quarterly analysis of the allowance for loan losses. The regular quarterly analysis is based on management's evaluation of the risks inherent in the various components of the loan portfolio and other factors, including historical loan loss experience (which is updated quarterly), changes in the composition and volume of the portfolio, collection policies and experience, trends in the volume of non-accrual loans and local and national economic conditions. See "-ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES."

The Savings Bank continues to be well-capitalized under regulatory requirements, with Core, Tier 1 risk-based and Total risk-based capital ratios of 9.37%, 13.58% and 14.54%, respectively, at June 30, 2011.

On July 21, 2011, under provisions of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, the Savings Bank's primary regulator, the Office of Thrift Supervision ("OTS"), was merged into the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency ("OCC"), and Flushing Financial Corporation's primary regulator, which had been the OTS, became the Federal Reserve. The OCC, on July 21, 2011, issued an Interim Final Rule containing the regulations issued by the OTS that the OCC has authority to promulgate and enforce as of July 21, 2011. This Interim Final Rule was effective as of July 21, 2011.

COMPARISON OF OPERATING RESULTS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 AND 2010

General. Net income for the three months ended June 30, 2011 was \$9.1 million, an increase of \$1.4 million, or 18.3%, compared to \$7.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2010. Diluted earnings per common share were \$0.29 for the three months ended June 30, 2011, an increase of \$0.04, or 16.0%, from \$0.25 for the three months ended June 30, 2010. Return on average equity was 9.1% for the three months ended June 30, 2011 compared to 8.3% for the three months ended June 30, 2010. Return on average assets was 0.8% for the three months ended June 30, 2011 compared to 0.7% for the three months ended June 30, 2010.

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Interest Income. Total interest and dividend income decreased \$0.4 million, or 0.8%, to \$56.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2011 from \$56.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2011 from 5.73% in the comparable prior year period combined with a \$20.2 million decrease in the average balance of total loans to \$3,220.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2011 from \$3,241.1 million for the comparable prior year period. These declines were partially offset by a \$102.7 million increase in the average balance of interest-earning assets to \$4,080.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2011 from \$3,977.7 million for the comparable prior year period. The 19 basis point decline in the yield of interest-earning assets was primarily due to a seven basis point reduction in the yield of the loan portfolio to 5.98% for the three months ended June 30, 2011 from 6.05% for the three months ended June 30, 2010, combined with a 31 basis point decline in the yield on total securities to 4.18% for the three months ended June 30, 2011 from 4.49% for the comparable prior year period. In addition, the yield of interest-earning assets was negatively impacted by a \$20.2 million decrease for the three months ended June 30, 2011 in the average balance of total loans, net and a \$122.9 million increase in the combined average balances of the lower yielding securities portfolio and interest-earning deposits for the three months ended June 30, 2011, both of which have a lower yield than the yield of total interest-earning assets. The seven basis point decrease in the loan portfolio was primarily due to the decline in the rates earned on new loan originations. The 31 basis point decrease in the securities portfolio was primarily due to new securities being purchased at lower yields than the existing portfolio. The yield on the mortgage loan portfolio decreased three basis points to 6.06% for the three months ended June 30, 2011 from 6.09% for the three months ended June 30, 2010. The yield on the mortgage loan

Interest Expense . Interest expense decreased \$3.8 million, or 16.2%, to \$19.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2011 from \$23.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2010. The decrease in interest expense was due to the reduction in the cost of interest-bearing liabilities, which decreased 44 basis points to 2.09% for the three months ended June 30, 2011 from 2.53% for the comparable prior year period. This decrease was partially offset with a \$56.8 million increase in the average balance of interest-bearing liabilities to \$3,765.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2011 from \$3,708.8 million for the comparable prior year period. The 44 basis point decrease in the cost of interest-bearing liabilities was primarily attributable to the Savings Bank reducing the rates it pays on its deposit products and reducing borrowed funds. The cost of certificates of deposit, money market accounts, savings accounts and NOW accounts decreased 54 basis points, 52 basis points, 20 basis points and 34 basis points, respectively, for the three months ended June 30, 2011 from the comparable prior year period. This resulted in a decrease in the cost of due to depositors of 36 basis points to 1.62% for the three months ended June 30, 2011 from 1.98% for the three months ended June 30, 2010. The cost of borrowed funds remained unchanged from the comparable prior year period at 4.40% for the three months ended June 30, 2011, with the average balance reducing \$211.5 million to \$668.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2011 from \$880.2 million for the comparable prior year period.

Net Interest Income . For the three months ended June 30, 2011, net interest income was \$36.8 million, an increase of \$3.4 million, or 10.0%, from \$33.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2010. The increase in net interest income was attributable to a 25 basis point increase in the net-interest spread to 3.45% for the three months ended June 30, 2011 from 3.20% for the three months ended June 30, 2010, combined with an increase in the average balance of interest-earning assets of \$102.7 million to \$4,080.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2011. The increase in the net-interest spread was partially offset by a \$20.2 million decrease in the average balance of total loans to \$3,220.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2011 from \$3,241.1 million for the comparable prior year period. The yield on interest-earning assets decreased 19 basis points to 5.54% for the three months ended June 30, 2011 from 5.73% for the three months ended June 30, 2010. However, this was more than offset by a decline in the cost of funds of 44 basis points to 2.09% for the three months ended June 30, 2011 from 2.53% for the comparable prior year period. The net interest margin improved 25 basis points to 3.61% for the three months ended June 30, 2011 from 3.36% for the three months ended June 30, 2010. Excluding prepayment penalty income, the net interest margin would have increased 21 basis points to 3.54% for the three months ended June 30, 2011 from 3.33% for the three months ended June 30, 2010.

Provision for Loan Losses. A provision for loan losses of \$5.0 million was recorded for the three months ended June 30, 2011, which was the same as that recorded for the three months ended June 30, 2010. During the three months ended June 30, 2011, non-performing loans decreased \$6.2 million to \$110.0 million from \$116.2 million at March 31, 2011. Net charge-offs for the three months ended June 30, 2011 totaled \$3.1 million. Non-performing loans primarily consists of mortgage loans collateralized by residential income producing properties located in the New York City metropolitan market that continue to show low vacancy rates, thereby retaining more of their value. The current loan-to-value ratio for our non-performing loans collateralized by real estate was 63.1% at June 30, 2011. We anticipate that we will continue to see low loss content in this segment of the loan portfolio that constitutes the majority of our non-performing loans. The Savings Bank continues to maintain conservative underwriting standards. However, given the level of non-performing loans, the current economic uncertainties, and the charge-offs recorded in the second quarter of 2011, management, as a result of the regular quarterly analysis of the allowance for loan losses, deemed it necessary to record a \$5.0 million provision for possible loan losses in the second quarter of 2011. See "-ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES."

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Non-Interest Income. Non-interest income for the three months ended June 30, 2011 was \$2.1 million, an increase of \$0.4 million from \$1.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2010. The increase in non-interest income was primarily due to a \$1.0 million decline in OTTI charges recorded during the three months ended June 30, 2011 compared to the comparable prior year period. The decrease in OTTI charges was partially offset by a \$0.3 million reduction in other income and a \$0.1 million decline in dividends received from the FHLB-NY during the three months ended June 30, 2011 compared to the comparable prior year period. Additionally, the three months ended June 30, 2011 included a \$0.1 million increase in net losses recorded for changes in assets and liabilities carried at fair value from the comparable prior year period.

Non-Interest Expense. Non-interest expense was \$18.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2011, an increase of \$1.3 million, or 7.1%, from \$17.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2010. The increase was primarily due to the growth of the Savings Bank over the past year, which included the opening of a new branch in January 2011, an increase in stock based compensation expense, and an increase in foreclosure expense. Salaries and benefits increased \$1.1 million due to a new branch, employee salary increases as of January 1, 2011, and increases in stock based compensation, payroll taxes, and employee medical and retirement costs. Other expense increased \$0.3 million primarily due to increases in foreclosure expense. These increases were partially offset by a \$0.3 million decrease in FDIC assessments during the three months ended June 30, 2011 from the comparable prior year period. The efficiency ratio was 48.8% for the three months ended June 30, 2011 compared to 48.3% for the three months ended June 30, 2010.

Income before Income Taxes. Income before the provision for income taxes increased \$2.5 million, or 20.1%, to \$15.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2011 from \$12.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2010 for the reasons discussed above.

Provision for Income Taxes. Income tax expense increased \$1.1 million to \$6.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2011 from \$4.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2010. The effective tax rate was 39.8% and 38.9% for the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

COMPARISON OF OPERATING RESULTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 AND 2010

General. Net income for the six months ended June 30, 2011 was \$17.0 million, an increase of \$1.4 million, or 8.7%, compared to \$15.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010. Diluted earnings per common share were \$0.55 for the six months ended June 30, 2011, an increase of \$0.03, or 5.8%, from \$0.52 for the six months ended June 30, 2010. Return on average equity was 8.6% for both of the six month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010. Return on average assets was 0.8% for both of the six month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010.

Interest Income. Total interest and dividend income decreased \$1.2 million, or 1.1%, to \$113.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2011 from \$114.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010. The decrease in interest income was attributable to a 24 basis point decline in the yield of interest-earning assets to 5.55% for the six months ended June 30, 2011 from 5.79% in the comparable prior year period. The decrease in the yield was partially offset by a \$128.2 million increase in the average balance of interest-earning assets to \$4,093.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2011 from \$3,965.0 million for the comparable prior year period. The 24 basis point decline in the yield of interest-earning assets was primarily due to a 13 basis point reduction in the yield of the loan portfolio to 5.99% for the six months ended June 30, 2011 from 6.12% for the six months ended June 30, 2010, combined with a 35 basis point decline in the yield on total securities to 4.17% for the six months ended June 30, 2011 from 4.52% for the comparable prior year period. In addition, the yield of interest-earning assets was negatively impacted by a \$116.8 million increase in the combined average balances of the lower yielding securities portfolio and interest-earning deposits for the six months ended June 30, 2011, both of which have a lower yield than the yield of total interest-earning assets. The 13 basis point decrease in the loan portfolio was primarily due to the decline in the rates earned on new loan originations combined with an increase in non-accrual loans for which we do not accrue interest income. The 35 basis point decrease in the securities portfolio was primarily due to new securities being purchased at lower yields than the existing portfolio. The yield on the mortgage loan portfolio decreased 10 basis points to 6.08% for the six months ended June 30, 2011 from 6.13% for the six months ended June 30, 2010. The yield on the mortgage loan portfolio, excluding prepayment penalty income, decreased 14 basis p

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Interest Expense . Interest expense decreased \$8.2 million, or 17.2%, to \$39.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2011 from \$47.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010. The decrease in interest expense was due to the reduction in the cost of interest-bearing liabilities, which decreased 49 basis points to 2.09% for the six months ended June 30, 2011 from 2.58% for the comparable prior year period. This decrease was partially offset with an \$82.4 million increase in the average balance of interest-bearing liabilities to \$3,785.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2011 from \$3,703.2 million for the comparable prior year period. The 49 basis point decrease in the cost of interest-bearing liabilities was primarily attributable to the Savings Bank reducing the rates it pays on its deposit products. The cost of certificates of deposit, money market accounts, savings accounts and NOW accounts decreased 57 basis points, 23 basis points and 37 basis points, respectively, for the six months ended June 30, 2011 compared to the comparable prior year period. This resulted in a decrease in the cost of due to depositors of 39 basis points to 1.61% for the six months ended June 30, 2011 from 2.00% for the six months ended June 30, 2010. The cost of borrowed funds increased four basis points to 4.40% for the six months ended June 30, 2010 with the average balance decreasing \$263.1 million to \$676.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010.

Net Interest Income . For the six months ended June 30, 2011, net interest income was \$74.0 million, an increase of \$7.0 million, or 10.5%, from \$66.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010. The increase in net interest income was attributable to an increase in the average balance of interest-earning assets of \$128.2 million to \$4,093.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2011, combined with an increase in the net interest spread of 25 basis points to 3.46% for the six months ended June 30, 2011 from 3.21% for the six months ended June 30, 2010. The yield on interest-earning assets decreased 24 basis points to 5.55% for the six months ended June 30, 2011 from 5.79% for the six months ended June 30, 2010. However, this was more than offset by a decline in the cost of funds of 49 basis points to 2.09% for the six months ended June 30, 2011 from 2.58% for the comparable prior year period. The net interest margin improved 23 basis points to 3.61% for the six months ended June 30, 2011 from 3.38% for the six months ended June 30, 2010. Excluding prepayment penalty income, the net interest margin would have increased 21 basis points to 3.55% for the six months ended June 30, 2011 from 3.34% for the six months ended June 30, 2010.

Provision for Loan Losses. A provision for loan losses of \$10.0 million was recorded for the six months ended June 30, 2011, which was the same as that recorded in the six months ended June 30, 2010. During the six months ended June 30, 2011, non-performing loans decreased \$2.0 million to \$110.0 million from \$112.1 million at December 31, 2010. Net charge-offs for the six months ended June 30, 2011 totaled \$8.3 million. Non-performing loans primarily consists of mortgage loans collateralized by residential income producing properties located in the New York City metropolitan market that continue to show low vacancy rates, thereby retaining more of their value. The current loan-to-value ratio for our non-performing loans collateralized by real estate was 63.1% at June 30, 2011. We anticipate that we will continue to see low loss content in this segment of the loan portfolio that constitutes the majority of our non-performing loans. The Savings Bank continues to maintain conservative underwriting standards. However, given the level of non-performing loans, the current economic uncertainties, and the charge-offs recorded in the second quarter of 2011, management, as a result of the regular quarterly analysis of the allowance for loans losses, deemed it necessary to record a \$10.0 million provision for possible loan losses for the six months ended June 30, 2011. See "-ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES."

Non-Interest Income. Non-interest income for the six months ended June 30, 2011 was \$3.0 million, a decrease of \$1.3 million from \$4.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010. The decrease in non-interest income was primarily due to a \$0.7 million increase in net losses recorded for changes in assets and liabilities carried at fair value for the six months ended June 30, 2011 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2010 and a \$0.5 million decrease in other income.

Non-Interest Expense. Non-interest expense was \$38.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2011, an increase of \$3.3 million, or 9.4%, from \$35.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010. The increase was primarily due to the growth of the Savings Bank over the past year, which included the opening of a new branch in January 2011, an increase in stock based compensation expense, and an increase in foreclosure expense. Salaries and benefits increased \$2.3 million due to a new branch, employee salary increases as of January 1, 2011, and increases in stock based compensation, payroll taxes, and employee medical and retirement costs. Other expense increased \$1.0 million primarily due to an increase in foreclosure expense and several other items. The efficiency ratio was 49.6% for the six months ended June 30, 2011 compared to 49.0% for the six months ended June 30, 2010.

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Income before Income Taxes . Income before the provision for income taxes increased \$2.4 million, or 9.3%, to \$28.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2011 from \$25.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010 for the reasons discussed above.

Provision for Income Taxes. Income tax expense increased \$1.0 million to \$11.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2011 as compared to \$10.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010. The effective tax rate was 39.4% and 39.1% for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

Assets. Total assets at June 30, 2011 were \$4,323.2 million, a decrease of \$1.5 million, or 0.1%, from \$4,324.7 million at December 31, 2010. Total loans, net decreased \$46.8 million, or 1.4%, during the six months ended June 30, 2011 to \$3,201.9 million from \$3,248.6 million at December 31, 2010. Loan originations and purchases were \$177.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2011, a decrease of \$63.5 million from \$240.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010. The decline in originations was attributable to the current economic environment and the shifting of our focus to multi-family properties and deemphasizing commercial real estate and construction lending. However, loan applications in process increased to \$197.4 million compared to \$164.7 million at March 31, 2011 and \$142.2 million at December 31, 2010.

The following table shows loan originations and purchases for the periods indicated. The table includes loan purchases of \$1.9 million and \$5.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, and \$14.5 million and \$7.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

For the three months ended June 30,						For the six months ended June 30,				
(In thousands)	2011		2010		2011			2010		
Multi-family residential	\$	54,461	\$	50,370	\$	100,480	\$	88,775		
Commercial real estate		1,593		22,752		3,012		27,352		
One-to-four family – mixed-use property		7,826		6,902		12,645		14,802		
One-to-four family – residential		3,856		9,427		7,209		20,914		
Co-operative apartments		-		191		=		407		
Construction		197		3,148		1,203		3,980		
Small Business Administration		509		2,164		2,838		2,453		
Taxi Medallion		2,410		32,323		26,234		48,777		
Commercial business and other		7,426		18,604		23,717		33,405		
Total	\$	78,278	\$	145,881	\$	177,338	\$	240,865		

We continue to maintain conservative underwriting standards that include, among other things, a loan-to-value ratio of 75% or less and a debt coverage ratio of at least 125%. Multi-family residential, commercial real estate, and one-to-four family – mixed-use property mortgage loans originated during the second quarter of 2011 had an average loan-to-value ratio of 52.2%, 69.2% and 47.9%, respectively, and an average debt coverage ratio of 210%, 158% and 183%, respectively.

The Savings Bank's non-performing assets totaled \$115.5 million at June 30, 2011, a decrease of \$3.3 million from \$118.8 million at December 31, 2010. Total non-performing assets as a percentage of total assets were 2.67% at June 30, 2011 as compared to 2.75% at December 31, 2010. The ratio of allowance for loan losses to total non-performing loans was 27% at June 30, 2011 as compared to 25% at December 31, 2010. See – "TROUBLED DEBT RESTRUCUTURED AND NON-PERFORMING ASSETS."

During the six months ended June 30, 2011, mortgage-backed securities increased \$44.9 million, or 6.0%, to \$799.0 million from \$754.1 million at December 31, 2010. The increase in mortgage-backed securities during the six months ended June 30, 2011 was primarily due to purchases of \$105.7 million and a \$2.9 million improvement in the mortgage-backed securities fair value. These increases were partially offset by principal repayments of \$61.6 million and \$0.9 million in OTTI charges. During the six months ended June 30, 2011, other securities increased \$4.7 million, or 9.4%, to \$54.8 million from \$50.1 million at December 31, 2010. Other securities primarily consists of securities issued by government agencies and mutual or bond funds that in government and government agency securities. During the six months ended June 30, 2011, there were \$13.8 million in purchases partially offset by maturities of \$6.5 million and a reduction in the fair value of \$2.3 million.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Liabilities. Total liabilities were \$3,918.1 million at June 30, 2011, a decrease of \$16.6 million, or 0.4%, from \$3,934.7 million at December 31, 2010. During the six months ended June 30, 2011, due to depositors decreased \$74.2 million, or 2.4%, to \$3,089.1 million, as a result of a \$148.5 million decrease in core deposits partially offset by a \$74.2 million increase in certificates of deposit. Borrowed funds increased \$54.0 million during the six months ended June 30, 2011, which offset the decrease in due to depositors.

Equity. Total stockholders' equity increased \$15.1 million, or 3.9%, to \$405.2 million at June 30, 2011 from \$390.0 million at December 31, 2010. The increase was primarily due to net income of \$17.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2011, an increase in other comprehensive income of \$1.1 million, the net issuance of 264,008 common shares during the six months ended June 30, 2011 upon vesting of restricted stock awards and the exercise of stock options, and the annual funding of certain employee retirement plans through the release of common shares from the Employee Benefit Trust. These increases were partially offset by the declaration and payment of dividends on the Company's common stock of \$8.0 million. Book value per common share was \$12.85 at June 30, 2011 compared to \$12.48 at December 31, 2010. Tangible book value per common share was \$12.34 at June 30, 2011 compared to \$11.95 at December 31, 2010.

The Company did not repurchase any shares during the six months ended June 30, 2011 under its current stock repurchase program. At June 30, 2011, 362,050 shares remain to be repurchased under the current stock repurchase program.

Cash flow. During the six months ended June 30, 2011, funds provided by the Company's operating activities amounted to \$26.9 million. The Company's primary business objective is the origination and purchase of one-to-four family (including mixed-use properties), multi-family residential and commercial real estate mortgage loans, and commercial, business and SBA loans. During the six months ended June 30, 2011, due to a reduction in the level of loan originations, the net total of loan originations and purchases less loan repayments and sales was a \$31.5 million inflow of cash. During the six months ended June 30, 2011, the Company had \$119.5 million in purchases of securities available for sale. During the six months ended June 30, 2011, additional funds were provided by a \$55.6 million net increase in borrowed funds and \$68.4 million in proceeds from maturities, sales, calls and prepayments of securities available for sale. These increases funded a \$74.8 million decrease in customer deposits. The Company also used funds of \$8.0 million for dividend payments during the six months ended June 30, 2011.

INTEREST RATE RISK

The Consolidated Statements of Financial Position have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America, which require the measurement of financial position and operating results in terms of historical dollars without considering the changes in fair value of certain investments due to changes in interest rates. Generally, the fair value of financial investments such as loans and securities fluctuates inversely with changes in interest rates. As a result, increases in interest rates could result in decreases in the fair value of the Company's interest-earning assets which could adversely affect the Company's results of operation if such assets were sold, or, in the case of securities classified as available-for-sale, decreases in the Company's stockholders' equity, if such securities were retained.

The Company manages the mix of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities on a continuous basis to maximize return and adjust its exposure to interest rate risk. On a quarterly basis, management prepares the "Earnings and Economic Exposure to Changes in Interest Rate" report for review by the Board of Directors, as summarized below. This report quantifies the potential changes in net interest income and net portfolio value should interest rates go up or down (shocked) 200 basis points, assuming the yield curves of the rate shocks will be parallel to each other. The Company's regulators currently place focus on the net portfolio value, focusing on a rate shock up or down of 200 basis points. Net portfolio value is defined as the market value of assets net of the market value of liabilities. The market value of assets and liabilities is determined using a discounted cash flow calculation. The net portfolio value ratio is the ratio of the net portfolio value to the market value of assets. All changes in income and value are measured as percentage changes from the projected net interest income and net portfolio value at the base interest rate scenario. The base interest rate scenario assumes interest rates at June 30, 2011. Various estimates regarding prepayment assumptions are made at each level of rate shock. However, prepayment penalty income is excluded from this analysis. Actual results could differ significantly from these estimates. At June 30, 2011, the Company was within the guidelines set forth by the Board of Directors for each interest rate level.

PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following table presents the Company's interest rate shock as of June 30, 2011:

	Projected Percer		
	Net Interest	Net Portfolio	Net Portfolio
Change in Interest Rate	Income	Value	Value Ratio
-200 Basis points	-6.10	24.04	13.57%
-100 Basis points	-1.78	11.69	12.46
Base interest rate	0.00	0.00	11.43
+100 Basis points	-3.12	-16.61	9.85
+200 Basis points	-7.36	-34.98	7.96

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

AVERAGE BALANCES

Net interest income represents the difference between income on interest-earning assets and expense on interest-bearing liabilities. Net interest income depends upon the relative amount of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities and the interest rate earned or paid on them. The following table sets forth certain information relating to the Company's Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition and Consolidated Statements of Income for the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, and reflects the average yield on assets and average cost of liabilities for the periods indicated. Such yields and costs are derived by dividing income or expense by the average balance of assets or liabilities, respectively, for the periods shown. Average balances are derived from average daily balances. The yields include amortization of fees which are considered adjustments to yields.

			For the three mon	iths ended June 30,						
		2011			2010					
	 Average		Yield/	Average		Yield/				
	 Balance	Interest	Cost	Balance	Interest	Cost				
Assets										
Interest-earning assets:										
Mortgage loans, net (1)	\$ 2,926,738	44,310			45,068	6.09%				
Other loans, net (1)	294,144	3,811		282,562	3,925	5.56				
Total loans, net	 3,220,882	48,121		3,241,098	48,993	6.05				
Mortgage-backed securities	735,895	7,850		637,754	7,362	4.62				
Other securities	 62,854	501		69,469	575	3.31				
Total securities	798,749	8,351	4.18	707,223	7,937	4.49				
Interest-earning deposits and										
federal funds sold	 60,833	27		29,417	9	0.12				
Total interest-earning assets	4,080,464	56,499	5.54	3,977,738	56,939	5.73				
Other assets	 215,406			214,596	_					
Total assets	\$ 4,295,870			\$ 4,192,334	=					
Liabilities and Equity										
Interest-bearing liabilities:										
Deposits:										
Savings accounts	\$ 376,351	597	0.63	418,151	870	0.83				
NOW accounts	804,764	1,726		626,745	1,881	1.20				
Money market accounts	301,350	350		401,991	983	0.98				
Certificate of deposit accounts	 1,566,900	9,669		1,335,617	10,061	3.01				
Total due to depositors	3,049,365	12,342		2,782,504	13,795	1.98				
Mortgagors' escrow accounts	47,579	12		46,070	14	0.12				
Total deposits	3,096,944	12,354		2,828,574	13,809	1.95				
Borrowed funds	 668,639	7,350		880,183	9,690	4.40				
Total interest-bearing liabilities	3,765,583	19,704	2.09	3,708,757	23,499	2.53				
Non interest-bearing deposits	106,175			86,596						
Other liabilities	 25,743			27,672	_					
Total liabilities	3,897,501			3,823,025						
Equity	 398,369			369,309	_					
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 4,295,870			\$ 4,192,334	=					
Net interest income /										
net interest rate spread		\$ 36,795	3.45%		\$ 33,440	3.20%				
Net interest-earning assets /										
net interest margin	\$ 314,881		3.61%	\$ 268,981	=	3.36%				
Ratio of interest-earning assets to										
interest-bearing liabilities			1.08X			1.07X				

⁽¹⁾ Loan interest income includes loan fee income (which includes net amortization of deferred fees and costs, late charges, and prepayment penalties) of approximately \$0.4 million and \$0.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following table sets forth certain information relating to the Company's Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition and Consolidated Statements of Income for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, and reflect the average yield on assets and average cost of liabilities for the periods indicated. Such yields and costs are derived by dividing income or expense by the average balance of assets or liabilities, respectively, for the periods shown. Average balances are derived from average daily balances. The yields include amortization of fees which are considered adjustments to yields.

	For the six months ended June 30,											
		2011			2010							
	 Average Balance	Interest	Yield/ Cost		Average Balance	Interest	Yield/ Cost					
Assets												
Interest-earning assets:												
Mortgage loans, net (1)	\$ 2,936,827	89,244	6.08%	\$	2,951,091	91,175	6.18%					
Other loans, net (1)	 297,869	7,567	5.08	<u></u>	272,231	7,502	5.51					
Total loans, net	 3,234,696	96,811	5.99		3,223,322	98,677	6.12					
Mortgage-backed securities	739,744	15,704	4.25		645,349	14,950	4.63					
Other securities	 59,350	956	3.22		64,719	1,098	3.39					
Total securities	 799,094	16,660	4.17		710,068	16,048	4.52					
Interest-earning deposits and												
federal funds sold	 59,392	54	0.18		31,594	22	0.14					
Total interest-earning assets	 4,093,182	113,525	5.55		3,964,984	114,747	5.79					
Other assets	 215,170				216,671							
Total assets	\$ 4,308,352			\$	4,181,655							
Liabilities and Equity												
Interest-bearing liabilities:												
Deposits:												
Savings accounts	\$ 376,547	1,172	0.62		420,569	1,790	0.85					
NOW accounts	817,823	3,500	0.86		599,637	3,685	1.23					
Money market accounts	332,310	809	0.49		403,002	1,958	0.97					
Certificate of deposit accounts	 1,540,835	19,183	2.49		1,299,931	19,865	3.06					
Total due to depositors	3,067,515	24,664	1.61		2,723,139	27,298	2.00					
Mortgagors' escrow accounts	 41,804	24	0.11		40,673	28	0.14					
Total deposits	3,109,319	24,688	1.59		2,763,812	27,326	1.98					
Borrowed funds	676,293	14,887	4.40		939,361	20,476	4.36					
Total interest-bearing liabilities	3,785,612	39,575	2.09		3,703,173	47,802	2.58					
Non interest-bearing deposits	102,663				85,407							
Other liabilities	26,141				27,152							
Total liabilities	3,914,416				3,815,732							
Equity	 393,936				365,923							
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 4,308,352			\$	4,181,655	•						
Net interest income /												
net interest rate spread		\$ 73,950	3.46%			\$ 66,945	3.21%					
Net interest-earning assets /												
net interest margin	\$ 307,570		3.61%	\$	261,811		3.38%					
Ratio of interest-earning assets to												
interest-bearing liabilities			1.08X				1.07X					

⁽¹⁾ Loan interest income includes loan fee income (which includes net amortization of deferred fees and costs, late charges, and prepayment penalties) of approximately \$0.7 million and \$0.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

LOANS

The following table sets forth the Company's loan originations (including the net effect of refinancing) and the changes in the Company's portfolio of loans, including purchases, sales and principal reductions for the periods indicated.

	For the six months en	ended June 30,		
(In thousands)	2011	2010		
Mortgage Loans				
At beginning of period	\$ 2,966,890 \$	2,943,213		
Mortgage loans originated:				
Multi-family residential	100,480	88,775		
Commercial real estate	3,012	27,352		
One-to-four family – mixed-use property	12,645	14,802		
One-to-four family – residential	7,209	20,914		
Co-operative apartments	-	407		
Construction	1,203	3,980		
Total mortgage loans originated	124,549	156,230		
Less:				
Principal and other reductions	147,169	119,488		
Sales	7,626	4,302		
At end of period	\$ 2,936,644 \$			
rt eild of period	φ 2,730,044 φ	2,975,055		
Commercial Business and Other Loans				
At beginning of period	\$ 292,936 \$	260,160		
Other loans originated:				
Small business administration	2,838	2,453		
Taxi Medallion	11,779	41,817		
Commercial business	21,841	30,685		
Other	1,876	2,720		
Total other loans originated	38,334	77,675		
Other loans purchased:				
Taxi Medallion	14,455	6,960		
Total other loans purchased	14,455	6,960		
ess:				
Principal and other reductions	62,775	49,109		
Sales and loans transferred to available for sale	4,005	-		
At end of period	<u>\$ 278,945 </u>	295,686		

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

TROUBLED DEBT RESTRUCUTURED AND NON-PERFORMING ASSETS

Management continues to adhere to the Savings Bank's conservative underwriting standards. The majority of the Savings Bank's non-performing loans are collateralized by residential income producing properties that are occupied, thereby retaining more of their value and reducing the potential loss. The Savings Bank takes a proactive approach to managing delinquent loans, including conducting site examinations and encouraging borrowers to meet with a Savings Bank representative. The Savings Bank has been developing short-term payment plans that enable certain borrowers to bring their loans current. The Savings Bank reviews its delinquencies on a loan by loan basis and continually explores ways to help borrowers meet their obligations and return them back to current status. At times, the Savings Bank may restructure a loan to enable a borrower to continue making payments when it is deemed to be in the best long-term interest of the Savings Bank. This restructure may include making concessions to the borrower that the Savings Bank would not make in the normal course of business, such as reducing the interest rate until the next reset date, extending the amortization period thereby lowering the monthly payments, or changing the loan to interest only payments for a limited time period. At times, certain problem loans have been restructured by combining more than one of these options. The Savings Bank believes that restructuring these loans in this manner will allow certain borrowers to become and remain current on their loans. The Savings Bank classifies these loans as TDR. Loans which have been current for six consecutive months at the time they are restructured as a TDR are placed on non-accrual status until they have made timely payments for six consecutive months. Loans that are restructured as a TDR but are not performing in accordance with the restructured terms are excluded from the TDR table below, as they are placed on non-accrual status and reported as non-performing loans.

The following table shows loans classified as TDR that are performing according to their restructured terms at the periods indicated:

(In thousands)		June 30, 2011		Iarch 31, 2011	December 31, 2010	
Accrual Status:		2011		2011		2010
Multi-family residential	\$	9,711	\$	1,077	\$	11,242
Commercial real estate	Ψ	2,430	Ψ	2,439	Ψ	2,448
One-to-four family - mixed-use property		800		268		206
Construction loans		23,431		24,216		-
Commercial business and other		2,000		2,000		-
Total		38,372		30,000		13,896
Non-accrual status:						
Multi-family residential		-		8,646		-
One-to-four family - mixed-use property		-		381		-
One-to-four family - residential		-		572		-
Total		-		9,599		-
Total performing troubled debt restructured	\$	38,372	\$	39,599	\$	13,896

Interest income on loans is recognized on the accrual basis. The accrual of income on loans is discontinued when certain factors, such as contractual delinquency of 90 days or more, indicate reasonable doubt as to the timely collectability of such income. Additionally, uncollected interest previously recognized on non-accrual loans is reversed from interest income at the time the loan is placed on non-accrual status. Loans in default 90 days or more, as to their maturity date but not their payments, continue to accrue interest as long as the borrower continues to remit monthly payments.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following table shows non-performing assets at the periods indicated:

	June 30,	March 3	31,	December 31,	
(In thousands)	2011	2011		2010	
Loans 90 days or more past due and still accruing:					
Multi-family residential	\$	- \$	-	\$ 103	
Commercial real estate	33	~	955	3,328	
Construction loans	77	5 5	5,245	-	
Commercial business and other		<u>- </u>	6	6	
Total	1,10	5 6	5,206	3,437	
Non-accrual loans:					
Multi-family residential	35,54	0 34	1,979	35,633	
Commercial real estate	23,91	8 22	2,152	22,806	
One-to-four family - mixed-use property	28,96	8 29	,211	30,478	
One-to-four family - residential	10,18	6 9	,455	10,695	
Co-operative apartments	13	3	-	-	
Construction loans	2,66	5 5	5,165	4,465	
Small business administration	80	3 2	2,052	1,159	
Commercial business and other	6,72	7 6	5,991	3,419	
Total	108,94	0 110	0,005	108,655	
Total non-performing loans	110,04	5 116	5,211	112,092	
Other non-performing assets:					
Real estate acquired through foreclosure	1,82	8 2	2,182	1,588	
Investment securities	3,65	4 4	1,348	5,134	
Total	5,48	2 6	5,530	6,722	
Total non-performing assets	\$ 115,52	7 \$ 122	2,741	\$ 118,814	

The Bank's non-performing loans totaled \$110.0 million at June 30, 2011, a decrease of \$6.2 million from \$116.2 million at March 31, 2011 and a decrease of \$2.0 million from \$112.1 million at December 31, 2010. During the three months ended June 30, 2011, 13 loans totaling \$9.6 million were returned to performing status, four loans totaling \$1.5 million were paid-in-full, six loans totaling \$4.6 million (net of charge-offs) were sold, four loans totaling \$1.0 million were transferred to Other Real Estate Owned, and 35 loans totaling \$13.2 million (net of charge-offs) were added to non-performing loans.

The Bank's non-performing assets totaled \$115.5 million at June 30, 2011, a decrease of \$7.2 million from \$122.7 million at March 31, 2011 and a decrease of \$3.3 million from \$118.8 million at December 31, 2010. Total non-performing assets as a percentage of total assets were 2.67% at June 30, 2011 as compared to 2.84% at March 31, 2011 and 2.75% at December 31, 2010. The ratio of allowance for loan losses to total non-performing loans was 27% at June 30, 2011 as compared 24% at March 31, 2011 and 25% at December 31, 2010.

Non-performing investment securities include two pooled trust preferred securities for which we are not receiving payments. At June 30, 2011, these investment securities had a combined amortized cost and market value of \$8.3 million and \$3.7 million, respectively.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following table shows our delinquent loans that are less than 90 days past due still accruing interest and considered performing at the periods indicated:

	June 30, 2011				December	31, 20	010	
	ϵ	60 - 89		30 - 59		60 - 89		30 - 59
	days		days days		days			days
	(In thous)		
Multi-family residential	\$	2,130	\$	26,720	\$	3,717	\$	23,936
Commercial real estate		1,993		9,144		2,181		17,167
One-to-four family - mixed-use property		2,195		23,052		6,376		19,596
One-to-four family - residential		887		3,543		1,046		4,959
Construction loans		5,245		2,494		5,485		2,900
Small Business Administration		-		-		991		418
Commercial business and other		1		37		3		4,534
Total delinquent loans	\$	12,451	\$	64,990	\$	19,799	\$	73,510

CRITICIZED AND CLASSIFIED ASSETS

Our policy is to review our assets, focusing primarily on the loan portfolio, real estate owned and the investment portfolios, to ensure that the credit quality is maintained at the highest levels. When weaknesses are identified, immediate action is taken to correct the problem through direct contact with the borrower or issuer. We then monitor these assets and, in accordance with our policy and current regulatory guidelines, we designate them as "Special Mention," which is considered a "Criticized Asset," and "Substandard," "Doubtful," or "Loss," which are considered "Classified Assets," as deemed necessary. We designate an asset as Substandard when a well-defined weakness is identified that jeopardizes the orderly liquidation of the debt. We designate an asset as Doubtful when it displays the inherent weakness of a Substandard asset with the added provision that collection of the debt in full, on the basis of existing facts, is highly improbable. We designate an asset as Loss if it is deemed the debtor is incapable of repayment. Loans that are designated as Loss are charged to the Allowance for Loan Losses. Assets that are non-accrual are designated as Substandard, Doubtful or Loss. We designate an asset as Special Mention if the asset does not warrant designation within one of the other categories, but does contain a potential weakness that deserves closer attention. Our total Criticized and Classified assets were \$323.5 million at June 30, 2011, a decrease of \$0.2 million from \$323.7 million at December 31, 2010.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following table sets forth the Banks' assets designated as Criticized and Classified at June 30, 2011:

(In thousands)	Specia	al Mention	Substa	andard	I	Doubtful	Loss		Total
Loans:									
Multi-family residential	\$	17,763	\$	50,755	\$	-	\$	- :	\$ 68,518
Commercial real estate		16,005		42,415		-		-	58,420
One-to-four family - mixed-use property		18,561		32,579		-		-	51,140
One-to-four family - residential		2,863		10,483		-		-	13,346
Co-operative apartments		-		133		-		-	133
Construction loans		2,462		34,609		-		-	37,071
Small Business Administration		320		817		288		-	1,425
Commercial business and other		3,654		24,226		1,238		-	29,118
Total loans		61,628	1	196,017		1,526			259,171
Investment Securities: (1)									
Pooled trust preferred securities		-		15,697		-		-	15,697
Private issue CMO		-		46,845		-			46,845
Total investment securities		-		62,542		-		-	62,542
Other Real Estate Owned		-		1,828		-		-	1,828
Total	\$	61,628	\$ 2	260,387	\$	1,526	\$	- :	\$ 323,541

The following table sets forth the Banks' assets designated as Criticized and Classified at December 31, 2010:

(In thousands)	Special Mention		Substandard		Doubtful		oubtful L		Loss		Total
Loans:											
Multi-family residential	\$	20,277	\$	51,626	\$	-	\$		-	\$	71,903
Commercial real estate		13,228		32,120		-			-		45,348
One-to-four family - mixed-use property		15,546		33,539		-			-		49,085
One-to-four family - residential		2,849		10,874		-			-		13,723
Co-operative apartments		-		-		-			-		-
Construction loans		5,945		30,589		-			-		36,534
Small Business Administration		558		1,432		-			-		1,990
Commercial business and other		14,302		13,628		1,238			-		29,168
Total loans		72,705		173,808		1,238			-		247,751
Investment Securities: (1)											
Pooled trust preferred securities		-		16,457		-			-		16,457
Mutual funds		-		4,082		-			-		4,082
Private issue CMO		_		53,790		_			_		53,790
Total investment securities		-		74,329		-			-		74,329
Other Real Estate Owned		-		1,588		-			-		1,588
Total	\$	72,705	\$	249,725	\$	1,238	\$		-	\$	323,668

Our investment securities are classified as securities available for sale and as such are carried at their fair value in our Consolidated Financial Statements. The securities above had a fair value of \$48.8 million and \$65.0 million at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively. Under current applicable regulatory guidelines, we are required to disclose the classified investment securities, as shown in the tables above, at their book values (amortized cost, or fair value for securities that are under the fair value option). Additionally, the requirement is only for the Banks' securities. Flushing Financial Corporation had one mutual fund security classified as Substandard with a market value of \$1.6 million at December 31, 2010. In addition, Flushing Financial Corporation had two private issue trust preferred securities classified as Substandard with a combined market value of \$0.8 million at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

On a quarterly basis, all mortgage loans that are designated as Substandard or Doubtful are internally reviewed for impairment, based on updated cash flows for income producing properties or updated independent appraisals. The loan balances of collateral dependant impaired loans are then compared to the loans updated fair value. The balance which exceeds fair value is charged-off to the allowance for loan losses.

We designate investment securities as Substandard when the investment grade rating by one or more of the rating agencies is below investment grade. We have designated a total of 20 investment securities that are held at the Savings Bank as Substandard at June 30, 2011. Our classified investment securities at June 30, 2011 held by the Savings Bank include 16 private issue CMOs rated below investment grade by one or more of the rating agencies, three issues of pooled trust preferred securities, and one private issue trust preferred security. The Investment Securities which are classified as Substandard at June 30, 2011 are securities that were rated investment grade when we purchased them. These securities have each been subsequently downgraded by at least one rating agency to below investment grade. Through June 30, 2011, these securities, with the exception of two of the pooled trust preferred securities and five private issue CMOs, continued to pay interest and principal as scheduled. We test each of these securities quarterly for impairment, through an independent third party.

ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES

We have established and maintain on our books an allowance for loan losses that is designed to provide a reserve against estimated losses inherent in our overall loan portfolio. The allowance is established through a provision for loan losses based on management's evaluation of the risk inherent in the various components of the loan portfolio and other factors, including historical loan loss experience (which is updated quarterly), changes in the composition and volume of the portfolio, collection policies and experience, trends in the volume of non-accrual and classified loans and local and national economic conditions. The determination of the amount of the allowance for loan losses includes estimates that are susceptible to significant changes due to changes in appraisal values of collateral, national and local economic conditions and other factors. We incurred total net charge-offs of \$3.1 million and \$2.1 million during the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, and \$8.3 million and \$4.4 million during the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. The national and regional economies were generally considered to be in a recession from December 2007 through the middle of 2009. This has resulted in increased unemployment and declining property values, although the property value declines in the New York City metropolitan area have not been as great as many other areas of the country. While the national and regional economies have shown signs of improvement since the second half of 2009, unemployment has remained at elevated levels. The deterioration in the economy has resulted in an elevated level of non-performing loans, which totaled \$110.0 million at June 30, 2011 and \$112.1 million at December 31, 2010. The Savings Bank's underwriting standards generally require a loan-to-value ratio of no more than 75% at the time the loan is originated. At June 30, 2011, the average outstanding principal balance of our non-performing loans was 63.1% of the estimated current value of the su

We review our loan portfolio by separate categories with similar risk and collateral characteristics, e.g., multi-family residential, commercial real estate, one-to-four family mixed-use property, one-to-four family residential, co-operative apartment, construction, SBA, commercial business, taxi medallion and consumer loans. Impaired loans are segregated and reviewed separately. All non-accrual loans and TDRs are considered impaired. Impaired loans secured by real estate are reviewed based on the fair value of their collateral. In connection with the determination of the allowance, the market value of collateral ordinarily is evaluated by our staff appraiser. On a quarterly basis, the estimated values of impaired mortgage loans are internally reviewed, based on updated cash flows for income producing properties and, at times, an updated independent appraisal is obtained. The loan balances of collateral dependent impaired loans are then compared to the loans updated fair value. The balance which exceeds fair value is charged-off. We do not allocate additional reserves to loans which have written down to their fair value. When evaluating a loan for impairment, we do not rely on guarantees, and the amount of impairment, if any, is based on the fair value of the collateral. We do not carry loans at a value in excess of the fair value to a guarantee from the borrower. Impaired mortgage loans that were written down resulted from quarterly reviews or updated appraisals that indicated the properties' estimated value had declined from when the loan was originated. Loans classified as TDR are evaluated based on the projected discounted cash flow of the restructured loan at the loans effective interest rate prior to restructuring. A portion of the allowance for loan losses is allocated in the amount by which the recorded investment in the TDR exceeds the discounted cash flow. For non-collateralized impaired loans, management estimates any recoveries that are anticipated for each loan. A portion of the allowance is alloca

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

General provisions are established against performing loans in our portfolio in amounts deemed prudent by management. A portion of the allowance is allocated to the remaining portfolio based on historical loss experience. In the second quarter of 2011, the historical loss period used for this allocation was reduced to three years as there was sufficient data to make the experience factors from this period relevant and meaningful. In addition, a portion of the allowance is allocated based on current economic conditions, trends in delinquency and classified loans, and concentrations in the loan portfolio. Based on these reviews, management concluded the general portion of the allowance should be \$25.1 million and \$11.8 million at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively, resulting in a total allowance of \$29.4 million and \$27.7 million at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively. The Board of Directors reviews and approves the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses on a quarterly basis. Management has concluded, and the Board of Directors has concurred, that at June 30, 2011, the allowance was sufficient to absorb losses inherent in our loan portfolio.

The following table sets forth the activity in the Company's allowance for loan losses for the periods indicated:

	For the six m	onths end	is ended June 30,		
(Dollars in thousands)	2011		2010		
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 27,69	9 \$	20,324		
	40.00		10.000		
Provision for loan losses	10,00	0	10,000		
Loans charged-off:					
Multi-family residential	(1,8)	7)	(2,239)		
Commercial real estate	(2,52		(374)		
One-to-four family – mixed-use property	(58		(825)		
One-to-four family – residential	(1,99		(94)		
Construction	(70		(862)		
Small Business Administration	(48	(8)	(385)		
Commercial business and other	(45	0)	(422)		
Total loans charged-off	(8,55	9)	(5,201)		
Recoveries:					
Multi-family residential	2	21	5		
Commercial real estate		_	42		
One-to-four family – mixed-use property	10	18	-		
One-to-four family – residential		53	-		
Small Business Administration		7	133		
Commercial business and other		9	607		
Total recoveries	2	8	787		
Net charge-offs	(8,3	1)	(4,414)		
ē			, , ,		
Balance at end of period	\$ 29,35	8 \$	25,910		
Ratio of net charge-offs during the period to average loans outstanding during the period	0.4	52%	0.27%		
Ratio of allowance for loan losses to gross loans at end of period		01%	0.27%		
Ratio of allowance for loan losses to gross roans at end of period	25.4		21.76%		
Ratio of allowance for loan losses to non-performing loans at end of period	26.		23.27%		
Rado of anowance for four fosses to non-performing fours at old of period	20.0	0 /0	23.21/0		

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

For a discussion of the qualitative and quantitative disclosures about market risk, see the information under the caption "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Interest Rate Risk."

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

The Company carried out, under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report. Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of June 30, 2011, the design and operation of these disclosure controls and procedures were effective. During the period covered by this Quarterly Report, there have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The Company is a defendant in various lawsuits. Management of the Company, after consultation with outside legal counsel, believes that the resolution of these various matters will not result in any material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes from the risk factors disclosed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

The following table sets forth information regarding the shares of common stock repurchased by the Company during the three months ended June 30, 2011:

					Maximum
				Total Number of	Number of
		Total		Shares Purchased	Shares That May
		Number		as Part of Publicly	Yet Be Purchased
		of Shares	Average Price	Announced Plans	Under the Plans
	Period	Purchased	Paid per Share	or Programs	or Programs
April 1 to April 30, 2011		-	\$ -	-	362,050
May 1 to May 31, 2011		-	-	-	362,050
June 1 to June 30, 2011		-	=	-	362,050
Total		<u> </u>	\$ -		

Our current common stock repurchase program was approved by the Company's Board of Directors on August 17, 2004. This repurchase program authorized the repurchase of 1,000,000 common shares. The repurchase program does not have an expiration date or a maximum dollar amount that may be paid to repurchase the common shares. Stock repurchases under this program will be made from time to time, on the open market or in privately negotiated transactions, at the discretion of the management of the Company.

ITEM 4. REMOVED and RESERVED

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit No.	Description
3.1	Certificate of Incorporation of Flushing Financial Corporation (1)
3.2	Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation of Flushing Financial Corporation (3)
3.3	Certificate of Designations of Series A Junior Participating Preferred Stock of Flushing Financial Corporation (4)
3.4	Certificate of Increase of Shares Designated as Series A Junior Participating Preferred Stock of Flushing Financial Corporation (2)
3.5	By-Laws of Flushing Financial Corporation (1)
4.1	Rights Agreement, dated as of September 8, 2006, between Flushing Financial Corporation, and Computershare Trust Company N.A., as Rights Agent (6)
10.1	Flushing Financial Corporation Annual Incentive Plan for Executives and Senior Officers (5)
10.2	Flushing Savings Bank Specified Officer Change In Control Severance Policy
31.1	Certification pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 by the Chief Executive Officer
31.2	Certification pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 by the Chief Financial Officer
32.1	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002 by the Chief Executive Officer
32.2	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002 by the Chief Financial Officer

- (1) Incorporated by reference to Exhibits filed with the Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed September 1, 1995, Registration No. 33-96488.
 (2) Incorporated by reference to Exhibits filed with Form 8-K filed September 26, 2006.
 (3) Incorporated by reference to Exhibits filed with Form S-8 filed May 31, 2002.
 (4) Incorporated by reference to Exhibits filed with Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2002.
 (5) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 filed with Form 8-K filed March 1, 2007.
 (6) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit filed with Form 8-K filed September 11, 2006.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Flushing Financial Corporation,

Dated: August 8, 2011

By: /s/John R. Buran John R. Buran President and Chief Executive Officer

Dated: August 8, 2011

By: <u>/s/David W. Fry</u>
David W. Fry
Executive Vice President, Treasurer and
Chief Financial Officer

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES EXHIBIT INDEX

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FLUSHING SAVINGS BANK SPECIFIED OFFICER CHANGE IN CONTROL SEVERANCE POLICY

Name:	
Commencement Date:	
Signature:	

1. <u>Term; Policy Effectiveness</u>.

- (a) This Policy shall apply to each employee at the level of Assistant Vice President or above in good standing of Flushing Savings Bank (the "Bank") who is not party to an employment agreement with the Bank (an "Employee") for the period that both (i) such Employee is employed as such and (ii) this Policy is in effect in accordance with Section 1(b) below (conjunctively, the "Term"); provided that if prior to January 1, 2009 such Employee is party to a written Special Termination Agreement with the Company, then the term (without renewal) of such agreement shall continue in full force and effect until terminated in accordance with the terms thereof and the Term hereof, if applicable, for such Employee shall commence immediately upon such termination; and provided further that, notwithstanding the provisions of Section 1(b), the Term shall continue for such Employee for a period of two years following a Change in Control (as defined in Section 2(b) below) that otherwise occurs during the Term.
- (b) This Policy shall be in effect for the one-year period commencing on January 1, 2008 and such effectiveness shall automatically be renewed on each successive anniversary thereof for an additional one-year period, unless the Board of Directors or any officer of the Bank, acting upon the authority thereof, shall resolve to not renew the Policy as of the next such anniversary date; provided that such resolution is adopted prior to such anniversary date and the participants under the Policy are notified of such non-renewal within 60 days after such anniversary date.
- (c) Upon the expiration of the Term, all rights, benefits and obligations of Flushing Savings Bank (the "Bank") and Flushing Financial Corporation (the "Holding Company") hereunder shall terminate.

2. <u>Definitions</u>.

(a) "Cause" means the Employee's (i) intentional engagement in dishonest conduct or willful misconduct, (ii) breach of fiduciary duty involving personal profit, (iii) insubordination or intentional failure to perform stated duties, (iv) willful violation of the Bank's rules and policies and other applicable laws, rules, or regulations, (v) conviction (including entry of a guilty or *nolo contendere* plea) of a felony or any crime involving dishonesty or moral turpitude, (vi) material breach of any provision of any Bank policy or employment agreement with the Bank, or (vii) poor performance.

(b) "Change of Control" means:

- (i) the acquisition of all or substantially all of the assets of the Bank or the Holding Company by any person or entity, or by any persons or entities acting in concert;
- (ii) the occurrence of any event if, immediately following such event, a majority of the members of the Board of Directors of the Bank or the Holding Company, as the case may be, or of any successor corporation shall consist of persons other than Current Members, respectively (for these purposes, a "Current Member" shall mean any member of the Board of Directors of the Bank or the Holding Company as of the Commencement Date and any successor of a Current Member whose nomination or election has been approved by a majority of the Current Members then on the respective Board of Directors);
- (iii) the acquisition of beneficial ownership, directly or indirectly (as provided in Rule 13d-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Act"), or any successor rule), of 25% or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of the Bank or the Holding Company by any person or group deemed a person under Section 13(d)(3) of the Act; or
- (iv) approval by the stockholders of the Bank or the Holding Company of an agreement providing for the merger or consolidation of the Bank or the Holding Company with another corporation where the stockholders of the Bank or the Holding Company, immediately prior to the merger or consolidation, would not beneficially own, directly or indirectly, immediately after the merger or consolidation, shares entitling such stockholders to 50% or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of the surviving corporation.
- (c) "Disability" means termination under circumstances in which the Employee would qualify for disability benefits under one or more disability programs maintained by the Holding Company or any subsidiary (including the Bank) employing the Employee.

(d) "Good Reason" means:

(i) a reduction by the Holding Company or any subsidiary (including the Bank) in the Employee's annual base salary as in effect immediately prior to a Change of Control;

- (ii) the failure of the bank to cure, within 60 days following written notice thereof from the Employee, a material adverse change by the Holding Company or any subsidiary (including the Bank) in the Employee's principal functions, duties, or responsibilities as in effect immediately prior to a Change of Control, provided, however, that a change shall not be deemed to be materially adverse if the Employee is assigned a position having substantially comparable functions, duties or responsibilities; or
- (iii) the failure of the Holding Company or any subsidiary (including the Bank) to maintain the Employee's principal place of employment within 50 miles as in effect immediately prior to a Change of Control.

3. Severance Benefits.

In the event the Employee's employment with the Holding Company and any of its subsidiaries (including the Bank) is terminated within two years following a Change of Control (i) by the Holding Company or any of its subsidiaries (including the Bank) other than by reason of the death or Disability of the Employee and other than for Cause, or (ii) by the Employee for Good Reason, the Bank shall provide and pay to the Employee the following:

- (a) the Employee's earned but unpaid current salary as of the date of termination, plus an amount representing any accrued but unpaid vacation time, which amounts shall be paid within thirty days of termination;
- (b) the benefits, if any, to which the Employee is entitled as a former employee under the Holding Company's and subsidiaries' (including the Bank's) employee benefit plans and programs and compensation plans and programs, which shall be paid in accordance with the terms of such plans and programs;
- (c) continued health and welfare benefits (including group life, disability, medical and dental benefits), in addition to that provided in paragraph (b) above, to the extent necessary to provide coverage for the Employee for the number of months equal to the number of months of salary payable to the Employee pursuant to paragraph (d) below (the "Severance Period"). Such benefits shall be provided through the purchase of insurance, and shall be equivalent to the health and welfare benefits (including cost-sharing percentages) provided to active employees of the Bank (or any successor thereof) as from time to time in effect during the Severance Period. Where the amount of such benefits is based on salary, they shall be provided to the Employee based on the highest annual rate of salary achieved by the Employee during the period of the Employee shall have the right to elect to continue such dependent coverage for the Severance Period. The benefits to be provided under this paragraph (c) shall cease to the extent that in the judgment of the Bank substantially equivalent benefits are provided to the Employee (and/or his/her dependents) by a subsequent employer of the Employee, who shall certify a description thereof to the Bank; and

(d) within thirty days following the Employee's termination of employment, a cash lump sum payment in an amount equal to one month's salary for each full year of continuous service completed with the Holding Company or any of its subsidiaries (including the Bank or any predecessor of the Bank), but in no event less than 12 months' salary or more than 18 months' salary, such salary to be the greater of the Employee's salary immediately prior to the Change of Control or the Employee's salary at the date of such termination.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the benefits provided to the Employee under this Section 3 shall be reduced if and to the extent that a nationally recognized firm of compensation consultants or auditors designated by the Holding Company or the Bank determines that such reduction will result in a greater net after-tax benefit to the Employee than the Employee would obtain in the absence of such reduction, taking into account any excise tax payable by the Employee under Internal Revenue Code Section 4999.

4. No Effect on Employee Benefit Plans or Compensation Programs.

Except as expressly provided in this Policy, the termination of the Employee's employment, whether by the Holding Company or any of its subsidiaries (including the Bank) or by the Employee, shall have no effect on the rights and obligations of the parties hereto under the employee benefit plans or programs or compensation plans or programs (whether or not employee benefit plans or programs) that the Holding Company or any subsidiary (including the Bank) may maintain from time to time.

5. No Right to Employment.

Nothing in this Policy shall be construed as giving the Employee the right to be retained in the employment of the Holding Company or any of its subsidiaries (including the Bank), nor shall it affect the right of the Holding Company or any of its subsidiaries (including the Bank) to terminate the Employee's employment with or without cause.

6. Regulatory Action .

(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Policy to the contrary, this Section 6 shall apply at all times, during the Term.

- (b) If the Employee is suspended and/or temporarily prohibited from participating in the conduct of the affairs of the Bank by a notice served under 12 U.S.C. § 1818(e) (3) and (g)(1), the Bank's obligations to the Employee under this Policy shall be suspended as of the date of such service unless stayed by appropriate proceedings. If the charges in such notice are dismissed, the Bank shall (i) pay the Employee all of the compensation payable under this Policy that was withheld while the Bank's obligations under this Policy were so suspended, and (ii) reinstate in whole any of its obligations to the Employee which were suspended.
- (c) If the Employee is removed and/or permanently prohibited from participating in the conduct of the Bank's affairs by an order issued under 12 U.S.C. § 1818(e)(4) or (g)(1), all obligations of the Bank to the Employee under this Policy shall terminate as of the effective date of the order, other than vested rights of the parties accrued as of such effective date, which shall not be affected.
- (d) If the Bank is in default (as defined in section 3(x)(1) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act), all obligations of the Bank under this Policy shall terminate as of the date of such default, but this Section 6(d) shall not affect any vested rights of the Employee accrued as of such date of default.
- (e) All obligations of the Bank under this Policy shall be terminated, except to the extent it is determined that continuation of the Policy is necessary to the continued operation of the Bank, (i) by the Regional Director of the Office of Thrift Supervision or his or her designee ("Director") at the time the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or Resolution Trust Corporation enters into an agreement to provide assistance to or on behalf of the Bank under the authority contained in Section 13(c) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act; or (ii) by the Director at the time the Director approves a supervisory merger to resolve problems related to operation of the Bank or when the Bank is determined by the Director to be in an unsafe or unsound condition; provided, however, that this Section 6(e) shall not affect any vested rights of the Employee accrued as of such date of termination.
- (f) Any payments made to the Employee pursuant to this Policy or otherwise are subject to and conditioned upon their compliance with 12 U.S.C. § 1828(k) and any regulations promulgated thereunder.

7. Miscellaneous Provisions.

(a) <u>Successors</u>. This Policy shall inure to the benefit of and be binding upon the Employee and his legal representatives and the Holding Company and the Bank, their successors and assigns, including any successor by merger or consolidation or a statutory receiver or any other person or firm or corporation to which all or substantially all of the assets and business of the Holding Company or the Bank may be sold or otherwise transferred.

- (b) Waiver. The Waiver by any party of a breach of any provision of this Policy shall not operate or be construed as a waiver of any subsequent breach of this Policy.
- (c) <u>Severability</u>. The invalidity or unenforceability of any provision of this Policy shall not affect the validity or enforceability of any other provision of this Policy, which shall remain in full force and effect.
 - (d) Headings and References. The headings of the sections of this Policy are inserted for convenience only and shall not be deemed to constitute a part of this Policy.
- (e) Entire Policy. This Policy constitutes the entire policy, agreement and understanding of the parties with respect to the matters contemplated herein, and supersedes all prior policies, agreements, arrangements and understandings related to the subject matter hereof.
 - (f) No Modification. This Policy may not be modified other than by a writing signed by all the parties hereto.
 - (g) Governing Law. This Policy shall be governed by the laws of the State of New York, without reference to conflicts of law principles.
- (h) Withholding. The Employee agrees that the Bank may withhold from any payment required to be made to the Employee pursuant to this Policy all federal, state, local and/or other taxes which the Bank determines are required to be withheld in accordance with applicable statutes and/or regulations in effect from time to time.

Guarantee .

The Holding Company hereby agrees to guarantee the payment by the Bank of any benefits and compensation to which the Employee is entitled under this Policy.

9. Signature; Notices

This Policy shall not be in effect with respect to any Employee unless and until such Employee has signed this Policy where indicated above and delivered an original copy thereof to the Bank. Notices to the Employee under this Policy shall be deemed received by the Employee to the extent given in accordance with the terms of required notice as may otherwise be required by any other policy of the Bank under its employee manual of which this forms a part.

10. Compliance with Code Section 409A.

- (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 3, if the Employee is a specified employee within the meaning of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended ("Section 409A"), as determined by the Board in accordance with the election made by the Bank for determining specified employees, any amounts payable under sections 3(d) (and any other payments to which the Employee may be entitled) which constitute "deferred compensation" within the meaning of Section 409A and which are otherwise scheduled to be paid during the first six months following the Employee's termination of employment (other than any payments that are permitted under Section 409A to be paid within six months following termination of employment of a specified employee) shall be suspended until the six-month anniversary of the Employee's termination of employment (or the Employee's death if sooner), at which time all payments that were suspended shall be paid to the Employee (or his estate) in a lump sum, together with interest on each suspended payment at the prime rate (as reported in the Wall Street Journal) from the date of suspension to the date of payment.
- (b) A termination of employment shall not be deemed to have occurred for purposes of any provision of this Policy providing for the payment of any amounts or benefits upon or following a termination of employment unless such termination is also a "separation from service" (within the meaning of Code Section 409A).
 - (c) For purposes of Section 409A, each payment under sections 3(d) will be treated as a separate payment.
- (d) It is intended that this Policy comply with the provisions of Section 409A and the regulations and guidance of general applicability issued thereunder so as to not subject the Employee to the payment of additional interest and taxes under Section 409A, and in furtherance of this intent, this Policy shall be interpreted, operated and administered in a manner consistent with these intentions.

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, John R. Buran, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Flushing Financial Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth
- fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit
- committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

 a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 8, 2011

By: /s/John R. Buran

John R. Buran

President and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, David W. Fry, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Flushing Financial Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit
- committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions): a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the
- registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 8, 2011 By: /s/David W. Fry David W. Fry

Executive Vice President, Treasurer and Chief Financial Officer

Exhibit 32.1

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Flushing Financial Corporation (the "Corporation") on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2011 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, John R. Buran, Chief Executive Officer of the Corporation, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

- (1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Corporation.

By: /s/John R. Buran John R. Buran Chief Executive Officer August 8, 2011

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Flushing Financial Corporation (the "Corporation") on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2011 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, David W. Fry, Chief Financial Officer of the Corporation, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

- (1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Corporation.

By: /s/David W. Fry David W. Fry Chief Financial Officer August 8, 2011